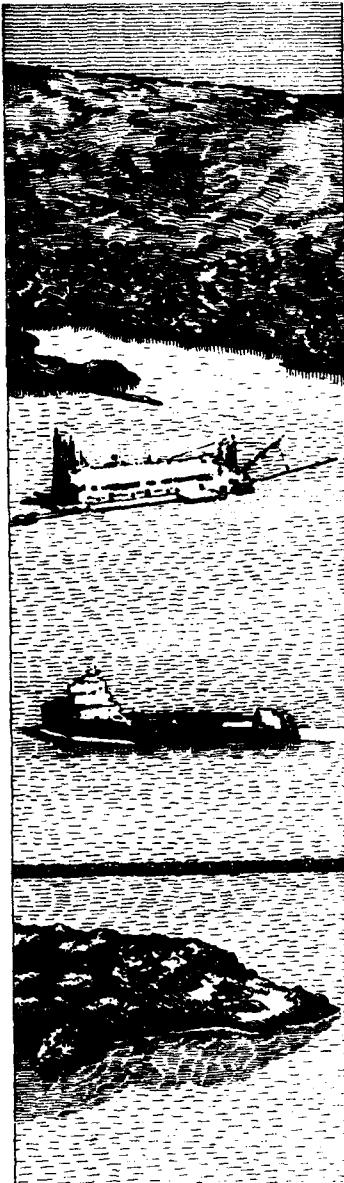


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US Army Corps
of Engineers



DREDGING RESEARCH PROGRAM

TECHNICAL REPORT DRP-93-2

(2)

IMPROVEMENTS TO THE AUTOMATED
REAL-TIME TIDAL ELEVATION SYSTEM

by

Leon E. Borgman

L. E. Borgman, Inc.
Laramie, Wyoming 82070

and

Andrew W. Garcia, Todd L. Walton

Coastal Engineering Research Center

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
Waterways Experiment Station, Corps of Engineers
3909 Halls Ferry Road, Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180-6199



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- Area 1 Analysis of Dredged Material Placed in Open Water**
- Area 2 - Material Properties Related to Navigation and Dredging**
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- Area 4 - Vessel Positioning, Survey Controls, and Dredge Monitoring Systems**
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Dredging Research Program Report Summary



Improvements to the Automated Real-Time Tidal Elevation System, TR DRP-93-2

ISSUE: As presently implemented, the Automated Real-Time Tidal Elevation System (ARTTES) uses a completely deterministic procedure for predicting the tide. When the difference between the predicted tide and the observed level exceeds some predetermined value, user access to the system is denied. Periods of user-access denial usually occur when sea conditions are unfavorable or unsuitable for survey operations. Dredging operations, however, may continue in weather conditions unsuitable for survey operations. Because ARTTES is sometimes used by dredge operators, it is desirable to minimize periods of user-access denial.

RESEARCH: A hybrid approach was used to improve the ARTTES tide predictions: "hybrid" in that the astronomically forced component of the tide was analyzed and predicted in the traditional manner via harmonic analysis while the short-term meteorological component (the residual) was analyzed and predicted via statistical techniques. Kriging and autoregression statistical techniques were investigated.

SUMMARY: The two statistical techniques were applied to improve short-term tide prediction. Evaluations using both synthetic and prototype data indicated that although Kriging has a slightly larger root mean square error than the autoregression technique, it gives an unbiased estimate and the autoregression technique shows bias.

Because dredges are costly to operate, data-access denial should only occur when the potential consequences warrant. The short-term tide predictions provide an objective basis for a decision by the dredging supervisor to use or ignore the ARTTES during periods of degraded data.

AVAILABILITY OF REPORT: The report is available through the Interlibrary Loan Service from the U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES) Library, telephone number (601) 634-2355. National Technical Information Service report numbers may be requested from WES Librarians. To purchase a copy of the report, call NTIS at (703) 487-4780.

About the Authors: Dr. Leon E. Borgman, L. E. Borgman, Inc., is a consultant. Drs. Andrew W. Garcia and Todd L. Walton are both members of the WES Coastal Engineering Research Center.
Point of Contact: Dr. Garcia, Principal Investigator for this work unit. For further information about the DRP, contact Mr. E. Clark McNair, Jr., Manager, Dredging Research Program, at (601) 634-2070.

Improvements to the Automated Real-Time Tidal Elevation System

by Leon E. Borgman

L. E. Borgman, Inc.
Laramie, WY 82070

Andrew W. Garcia, Todd L. Walton
Coastal Engineering Research Center

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Waterways Experiment Station
3909 Halls Ferry Road
Vicksburg, MS 39180-6199

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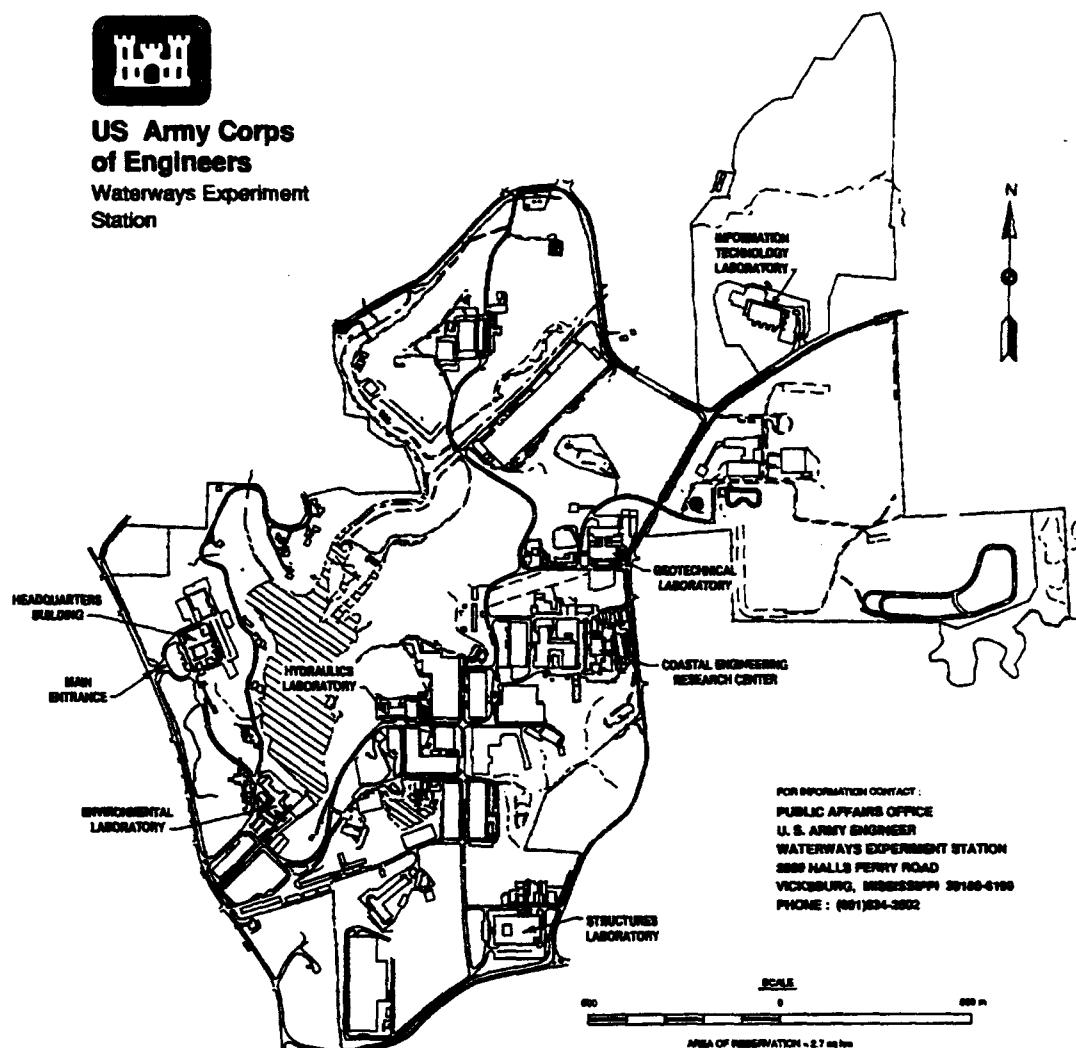
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Preface

The work described herein was authorized as part of the Dredging Research Program (DRP) of Headquarters, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (HQUSACE), and performed under the Integrated Vertical Control System Work Unit 32478, which is part of DRP Technical Area 4, Vessel Positioning, Survey Controls, and Dredge Monitoring Systems.

Messrs. Robert Campbell and Moody K. Miles III were DRP Chief and Technical Area 4 Monitor, respectively, from HQUSACE. Mr. E. Clark McNair, Jr., Coastal Engineering Research Center (CERC), U.S. Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station (WES), was DRP Program Manager (PM), and Dr. Lyndell Z. Hales, CFRC, was Assistant PM. Dr. Andrew W. Garcia, CERC, and Mr. George P. Bonner, Chief, WES Instrumentation Services Division, were Technical Managers for Technical Area 4 during the conduct of this study. This study was performed and the report prepared over the period October 1990 to June 1992 by Drs. Leon E. Borgman, L. E. Borgman, Inc., Todd L. Walton, CERC, and Andrew W. Garcia, CERC. Dr. Garcia was under the administrative supervision of Mr. William L. Preslan, Chief, Prototype Measurement and Analysis Branch, Engineering Development Division, CERC. Dr. Walton was under the administrative supervision of Mr. Thomas W. Richardson, Chief, Engineering Development Division, CERC. Dr. James R. Houston was Director, CERC; Mr. Charles C. Calhoun, Jr., was Assistant Director, CERC.

Dr. Robert W. Whalin was Director of WES during the preparation of this report. COL Bruce K. Howard, EN, was Commander.

1 Introduction

Procedures for increasing the availability of real-time tide data broadcast by Automated Real-Time Tidal Elevation Systems (ARTTES) (Lillycrop et al. 1991) are described herein. The measured water-level data, which are broadcast to user vessels, are compared to the predicted tide at the water-level sensor. As presently implemented, ARTTES uses a completely deterministic procedure for predicting the tide. When the difference between the predicted tide and observed level exceeds some predetermined value, user access to the system is denied. The difference between measured and predicted values (at the measurement site) is an indicator of the validity of the assumption that the astronomical tide component is dominant. Dominance is defined herein to mean that the astronomical component of the water-level variation is approximately one order of magnitude greater than the sum of the remaining components. Zero or small (a few centimeters) differences mean that the assumption is robustly met within the entire specified area of operation and that users can be confident of the broadcast system values. When differences between the predicted and observed values increase, as is typically the case during periods of disturbed weather, the assumption of dominance of the astronomical tide component grows increasingly weak. At some difference between the predicted tide and observed water level, the assumption of tidal dominance is considered to be invalid for the desired degree of water-level accuracy over the area of operation.

Periods of user-access denial usually occur when sea conditions are unfavorable or unsuitable for survey operations. Dredging operations, however, may continue in weather conditions unsuitable for survey operations. Because ARTTES is sometimes used by dredge operators, it is desirable to minimize periods of user-access denial.

The present procedure for predicting the tide at the sensor location is based upon the harmonic method of tide analysis and prediction (Schureman 1985). Water-level data at the desired location are acquired for several months, analyzed to determine the amplitude and phase of the dominant tidal constituents, then used to predict the tide. The data required for tide prediction are obtained prior to initial operation of an ARTTES. Although water-level data at the sensor site are recorded and available once an ARTTES begins operation, analysis of these data by the harmonic method and incorporation of the results into the prediction routine presently being used typically result in little improvement in the predictions. The lack of improvement in tide prediction

stems from the fundamental assumption underlying the harmonic method, namely that the tide is described by a sum of sine or cosine functions that represent the astronomically forced component (Godin 1972). However, a portion of the water-level record is not described by this sum. That portion is termed the residual. Within the context of this report, most of the residual is the result of short-term meteorological effects.

The approach used in improving the ARTTES tide predictions may be described as "hybrid" in that the astronomically forced component of the tide is analyzed and predicted in the traditional manner (via harmonic analysis), while the short-term meteorological component (the residual) is analyzed and predicted via statistical techniques. The statistical techniques investigated are conventionally called "Kriging" and autoregression. Because tidal harmonic analysis is well-documented and its use well-established (e.g., Godin 1972; Schureman 1985), no further description is contained herein. The chapters in this report are arranged to describe (a) the problem statement, (b) an overview of the Kriging and autoregressive methods, (c) implementation of the methods, (d) results, including a case application, and (e) a summary of conclusions. The Appendices document one of the case applications. Appendix A is a synthesized time series of known statistical properties that simulates a residual time series. Appendix B is a listing of the computer program used to prepare both Kriged and autoregressive estimates of the residual. Appendix C is a tabulation of the computed results using the Kriging estimate method.

2 Background

If $z(t)$ represents the observed water level at any time t , the water level z , including the harmonic representation of the tide, may be written as

$$z(t) = z_0 + \sum_{k=1}^H A_k \cos(\omega_k t - a_k) + V(t) \quad (1)$$

where

z_0 = mean water level (or other datum)

H = number of significant harmonic components

A_k, a_k = amplitude and phase lag, respectively, of k th component

ω_k = frequency present in tide-generating force

$V(t)$ = contribution of physical forcing other than astronomical

The residual is then

$$V(t) = z(t) - z_0 - \sum_{k=1}^H A_k \cos(\omega_k t - a_k) \quad (2)$$

The observed water level $z(t)$ is normally logged by the ARTTES at 6-min intervals (10 values per hour). The residual $V(t)$, the time series upon which the statistical procedure operates, is obtained by subtracting the predicted tide at concurrent times.

Consider a discrete time series of residual values

$$\{V_i; i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, N\} \quad (3)$$

Having

$$\begin{aligned} E[V_i] &= \mu_i \\ E[(V_i - \mu_i)(V_{i+k} - \mu_{i+k})] &= C_k \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

where

$E[]$ = is the expected value of the quantity in brackets

μ_i = mean of series V_i

C_k = covariance of series V_i at lag k

That is,

$$W_i = V_i - \mu_i \quad (5)$$

is taken as being covariance stationary with mean zero, where W_i is the residual with its mean removed.

The purpose of this study is to determine the values of $V_n, V_{n+1}, V_{n+2}, \dots, V_{n+p-1}$ from measured values of $(V_{n-L}, V_{n-L+1}, V_{n-L+2}, \dots, V_{n-m})$.

The data values $\{V_i; n-m-L \leq i \leq n-1\}$ for a user-selected extension $L \geq 0$, will be fitted with a straight line to estimate μ_i as a linear trend

$$\hat{\mu}_i = a + bi \quad (6)$$

where

$\hat{\mu}$ = is the estimated local mean

a, b = parameters calculated at each time-step

$\hat{}$ = a parameter to be estimated

The covariance function will be estimated as mean lag products of deviations from the local mean

$$C_k = \frac{1}{m+L-k} \sum_{i=m-L}^{n-k-1} \{V_i - a - bi\} \{V_{i+k} - a - b(i+k)\} \quad (7)$$

The correlation function will then be obtained

$$\hat{\rho}_k = \hat{C}_k / \hat{C}_0 \quad (8)$$

3 Overview of Methods

Two methods were used to improve the ARTTES tide predictions: Kriging and autoregressive estimation. Kriging is based on the minimization of expected square error, subject to the constraint that the estimation is unbiased. Autoregression is based on minimization of expected squared error only. Both methods will assume that the estimate is covariance-stationary.

Kriging Procedure

Here, \hat{V}_{n+k} is the estimate of the residual at time-step $n+k$ and is predicted as a linear combination of the data for time-steps preceding time-step n .

$$\hat{V}_{n+k} = \sum_{i=1}^m a_i V_{n-m+i-1} \quad (9)$$

So as to minimize Q , the expected value of the error squared between the actual and estimated residuals

where

$$Q = E[(V_{n+k} - \hat{V}_{n+k})^2] \quad (10)$$

Subject to the unbiased constraint

$$E[V_{n+k} - \hat{V}_{n+k}] = 0 \quad (11)$$

which requires that the expected value of the estimator be equal to the expected value of the residual at time step $n+k$

Since,

$$\mu_i = E[V_i] \quad (12)$$

the "unbiased" constraint can be written

$$\mu_{n+k} - \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \mu_{n-m+i-1} = 0 \quad (13)$$

or,

$$\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \mu_{n-m+i-1} = \mu_{n+k} \quad (14)$$

Similarly, Q can be expanded to

$$Q = E \left[\left(V_{n+k} - \sum_{i=1}^m a_i V_{n-m+i-1} \right)^2 \right] \quad (15)$$

Since the "unbiased" conditions are going to be imposed, the expression does not change if the "unbiased" constraint equation (equal to zero) is inserted inside the square

$$Q = E \left[\left\{ (V_{n+k} - \mu_{n+k}) - \sum_{i=1}^m a_i (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) \right\}^2 \right] \quad (16)$$

If the algebra of squaring is completed

$$Q = E \left[(V_{n+k} - \mu_{n+k})^2 + \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^m a_i (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) \right\}^2 - 2 \sum_{i=1}^m a_i (V_{n+k} - \mu_{n+k}) (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) \right] \quad (17)$$

The term with the summation sign Σ squared can be expanded as follows:

$$\left\{ \sum_{i=1}^n a_i (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) \right\} \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n a_j (V_{n-m+j-1} - \mu_{n-m+j-1}) \right\} = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_i a_j (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) (V_{n-m+j-1} - \mu_{n-m+j-1}) \quad (18)$$

Hence, the expected square error term "Q" may be expressed as

$$Q = E[(V_{n+k} - \mu_{n+k})^2] + \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_i a_j E[(V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1}) (V_{n-m+j-1} - \mu_{n-m+j-1})] - 2 \sum_{i=1}^n a_i E[(V_{n+k} - \mu_{n+k}) (V_{n-m+i-1} - \mu_{n-m+i-1})] \quad (19)$$

By definition of the covariance function, and the assumption of covariance stationarity after removing the trend

$$C_k = Cov(V_i, V_{i+k}) = E[(V_i - \mu_i) (V_{i+k} - \mu_{i+k})] \quad (20)$$

It follows that

$$Q = C_0 + \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_i a_j C_{i-j} - 2 \sum_{i=1}^n a_i C_{k-m-i+1} \quad (21)$$

The determination of the coefficients $\{a_i\}$ for Kriging then involves solving for the $\{a_i\}$, which minimize Q subject to the constraint of being unbiased.

By the method of Lagrangian multipliers, this is achieved by solving the system of equations given by

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial a_s} \left[Q - 2\lambda \left(\mu_{n+k} - \sum_{i=1}^m a_i \mu_{n-m+i-1} \right) \right] = 0$$

$$s = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m \quad (22)$$

and by the *unbiased* constraint Equation (13)

$$\sum_{i=1}^m a_i \mu_{n-m+i-1} = \mu_{n+k}$$

Performing the differentiation gives

$$2 \sum_{j=1}^m a_j C_{s-j} - 2 C_{k+m-s+1} = 2\lambda \mu_{n-m+s-1} = 0 \quad (23)$$

If the equations are listed for $s = 1, 2, 3, \dots, m$, , using $C_k = C_k$, they become

$$\begin{aligned} C_0 a_1 &= C_1 a_2 + \dots + C_{m-1} a_m + \lambda \mu_{n-m} = C_{k+m} \\ C_1 a_1 + C_0 a_2 &+ \dots + C_{m-2} a_m + \lambda \mu_{n-m-1} = C_{k+m-1} \\ &\vdots \\ C_{m-1} a_1 + C_{m-2} a_2 &+ \dots + C_0 a_m + \lambda \mu_{n-1} = C_{k+1} \\ \mu_{n-m} a_1 + \mu_{n-m+1} a_2 &+ \dots + \mu_{n-1} a_m = \mu_{n+k} \end{aligned} \quad (24)$$

The first m equations can be divided by C_0 to express the relations in terms of the correlation coefficients ρ_k

$$\begin{aligned} a_1 + \rho_1 a_2 + \dots + \rho_{m-1} a_m &= (\lambda/C_0) \mu_{n-m} = \rho_{k+m} \\ \rho_1 a_1 + a_2 + \dots + \rho_{m-2} a_m + (\lambda/C_0) \mu_{n-1} &= \rho_{k+m-1} \\ &\vdots \\ \rho_{m-1} a_1 + \rho_{m-2} a_2 &+ \dots + a_m + (\lambda/C_0) \mu_{n-1} = \rho_{k+1} \\ \mu_{n-m} a_1 + \mu_{n-m+1} a_2 &+ \dots + \mu_{n-1} a_m = \mu_{n+k} \end{aligned} \quad (25)$$

This can be written in matrix form as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho_1 & \rho_2 & \dots & \rho_{m-1} & \mu_{n-m} \\ \rho_1 & 1 & \rho_1 & \dots & \rho_{m-2} & \mu_{n-m+1} \\ \rho_2 & \rho_1 & 1 & \dots & \rho_{m-3} & \mu_{n-m+2} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ \rho_{m-1} & \rho_{m-2} & \rho_{m-3} & \dots & 1 & \mu_{n-1} \\ \mu_{n-m} & \mu_{n-m+1} & \mu_{n-m+2} & \dots & \mu_{n-1} & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ a_m \\ \lambda/C_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_{k+m} \\ \rho_{k+m-1} \\ \rho_{k+m-2} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \rho_{k+1} \\ \mu_{n+k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (26)$$

This can be further simplified if the following definitions are introduced

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho_1 & \rho_2 & \dots & \rho_{m-1} \\ \rho_1 & 1 & \rho_1 & \dots & \rho_{m-2} \\ \rho_2 & \rho_1 & 1 & \dots & \rho_{m-3} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \dots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \rho_{m-1} & \rho_{m-2} & \rho_{m-3} & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (27)$$

$$\rho_0 = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_{k+m} \\ \rho_{k+m-1} \\ \rho_{k+m-2} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \rho_{k+1} \end{bmatrix} \quad (28)$$

$$a = \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ a_m \end{bmatrix} \quad (29)$$

$$\mu = \begin{bmatrix} \mu_{n-m} \\ \mu_{n-m+1} \\ \mu_{n-m+2} \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ \mu_{n-k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (30)$$

The Kriging equations may be written in terms of these arrays as

$$\begin{bmatrix} R & \mu \\ \mu^T & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a \\ \lambda C_0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_0 \\ \mu_{n-k} \end{bmatrix} \quad (31)$$

The mean-square error of estimate is the value of Q with the a_i , which are solutions to the Kriging equations inserted. If (21) is multiplied by a_i and summed over s , the result is (dividing by 2)

$$\sum_{t=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_t a_j C_{t-j} - \sum_{t=1}^n a_t C_{k+m-t+1} + \lambda \sum_{t=1}^n a_t \mu_{n-m+t-1} = 0 \quad (32)$$

By the "unbiased" constraint, the summation involved $\mu_{n-m+t-1}$ may be written as μ_{n+k} . Consequently, the last equation becomes

$$\sum_{t=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_t a_j C_{t-j} = \sum_{t=1}^n a_t C_{k+m-t+1} - \lambda \mu_{n+k} \quad (33)$$

This relation holds for solutions to the Kriging equations. If this relation is substituted into Q ,

$$Q = C_0 - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i C_{k+m-i+1} - \lambda \mu_{n+k} \quad (34)$$

The root-mean-square (rms) error of estimate for the Kriging method presented is

$$\hat{\sigma}_e = \sqrt{C_0 - \sum_{i=1}^n a_i C_{k+m-i+1} - \lambda \mu_{n+k}} \quad (35)$$

where the $\{a_i\}$ are the solutions to the Kriging equations.

Autoregressive Procedure

The autoregressive technique is based on the assumed structural model equation that, for all j ,

$$W_j = \sum_{i=1}^m a_i W_{j-m+i-1} + \epsilon_j \quad (36)$$

with W_j as defined previously as per Equation 5 and

where the sequence $\{\epsilon_j\}$ is taken independently, with mean zero and constant variance. The $\{a_i\}$ are parameters to be fit via the methodology to be presented below. This means that with the stationary condition, for $\ell < j$

$$\begin{aligned} C_{j-\ell} &= E[W_\ell W_j] \\ &= E \left[W_\ell \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^m a_i W_{j-m+i-1} + \epsilon_j \right\} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (37)$$

Since $\ell < j$, the error in W_j is independent of W_ℓ and $E[W_\ell \epsilon_j] = 0$. Consequently,

$$\begin{aligned} C_{j-\ell} &= \sum_{i=1}^m a_i E[W_\ell W_{j-m+i-1}] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^m a_i C_{j-\ell-m+i-1} \end{aligned} \quad (38)$$

The model equation for W_n is

$$W_n = a_1 W_{n-m} + a_2 W_{n-m+1} + a_3 W_{n-m+2} + \dots + a_m W_{n-1} + \epsilon_n \quad (39)$$

If $j = n$ while $n-m \leq \ell < n$, the covariance becomes

$$\begin{aligned} C_{n-\ell} &= \sum_{i=1}^m a_i C_{n-\ell-m+i-1} \\ &= a_1 C_{n-m-\ell} + a_2 C_{n-m-\ell+1} + a_3 C_{n-m-\ell+2} + \dots + a_m C_{n-\ell-1} \end{aligned} \quad (40)$$

Now, if successively, $\ell = n-m, n-m+1, n-m+2, \dots, n-1$, the resulting system of equations is (using $C_j = C_j$)

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_1 C_0 + a_2 C_1 + a_3 C_2 + \dots + a_m C_{m-1} &= C_m \\
 a_1 C_1 + a_2 C_0 + a_3 C_1 + \dots + a_m C_{m-2} &= C_{m-1} \\
 a_1 C_2 + a_2 C_1 + a_3 C_0 + \dots + a_m C_{m-3} &= C_{m-2} \\
 &\vdots \\
 a_1 C_{m-1} + a_2 C_{m-2} + a_3 C_{m-3} + \dots + a_m C_0 &= C_1
 \end{aligned} \tag{41}$$

The system of equations can be expressed in matrix form, after division with C_0 , as

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \rho_1 & \rho_2 & \dots & \rho_{m-1} \\ \rho_1 & 1 & \rho_1 & \dots & \rho_{m-2} \\ \rho_2 & \rho_1 & 1 & \dots & \rho_{m-3} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \rho_{m-1} & \rho_{m-2} & \rho_{m-3} & \dots & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \\ a_3 \\ \vdots \\ a_m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \rho_m \\ \rho_{m-1} \\ \rho_{m-2} \\ \vdots \\ \rho_1 \end{bmatrix} \tag{42}$$

This is one form of the well-known Yule-Walker equations for the coefficients $\{a_i\}$ to predict W_n from $\{W_j : n-m \leq j \leq n-1\}$ in a stationary sequence. It is convenient to express the prediction of W_n in a somewhat redundant way.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_3 & a_4 & \dots & a_m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} W_{n-m} \\ W_{n-m+1} \\ W_{n-m+2} \\ \vdots \\ W_{n-2} \\ W_{n-1} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} W_{n-m+1} \\ W_{n-m+2} \\ W_{n-m+3} \\ \vdots \\ W_{n-1} \\ W_n \end{bmatrix} \tag{43}$$

This can be written as

$$\mathbf{A} \mathbf{W}_{n-1} = \mathbf{W}_n \tag{44}$$

where \mathbf{A} is the matrix, and the bold print denotes vectors. The actual prediction of W_n is given by the last component of the vector \mathbf{W}_n . The matrix \mathbf{A} is a shift operator that moves the sequence up by one step. The prediction of W_{n+j} is the last component of \mathbf{W}_{n+j} , where

$$W_{n+1} = AW_n = A^2 W_{n-1} \quad (45)$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{aligned} W_{n+2} &= AW_{n+1} = A^3 W_{n-1} \\ &\vdots \\ W_{n+k} &= AW_{n+k-1} = A^{k+1} W_{n-1} \end{aligned} \quad (46)$$

Alternatively, this sequence of equations can be used to predict $\{W_n, W_{n+1}, W_{n+2}, \dots, W_{n+k}\}$ from $\{W_{n-m}, W_{n-m+1}, W_{n-m+2}, \dots, W_{n-1}\}$. Also, the mean square error of estimate for each of these predictions can be obtained from a modification of this same sequence of equations. Since $E[W_j] = 0$ (by subtraction of trend), if C_{n+k} is defined as the covariance matrix of W_{n+k} ,

$$C_{n+k} = E[W_{n+k} W_{n+k}^T] \quad (47)$$

Here, the superscript "T" denotes the matrix transpose. It follows that

$$\begin{aligned} C_{n+k} &= E[(AW_{n+k-1})(AW_{n+k-1})^T] \\ &= AE[W_{n+k-1} W_{n+k-1}^T]A^T \\ &= AC_{n+k-1}A^T \end{aligned} \quad (48)$$

for $k = 0, 1, 2, 3, \dots$. The variance of the prediction of W_{n+k} is the (m,m) - element of C_{n+k} . Since

$$C_{n-1} = \begin{bmatrix} C_0 & C_1 & C_2 & \dots & C_{m-1} \\ C_1 & C_0 & C_1 & \dots & C_{m-2} \\ C_2 & C_1 & C_0 & \dots & C_{m-3} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots \\ C_{m-1} & C_{m-2} & C_{m-3} & \dots & C_0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (49)$$

the variance of each prediction can be obtained as the (m,m) - element of each of the sequence of covariance matrices

$$\begin{aligned}
C_n &= \mathbf{A} C_{n-1} \mathbf{A}^T \\
C_{n+1} &= \mathbf{A} C_n \mathbf{A}^T \\
C_{n+2} &= \mathbf{A} C_{n+1} \mathbf{A}^T \\
&\vdots \\
&\vdots \\
C_{n+k} &= \mathbf{A} C_{n+k-1} \mathbf{A}^T
\end{aligned} \tag{50}$$

An algorithm that takes advantage of the structure of \mathbf{A} where

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \dots & 1 \\ a_1 & a_2 & a_3 & a_4 & \dots & a_m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{0} & \mathbf{I} \\ a_1 & \mathbf{A}^T \end{bmatrix} \tag{51}$$

where $\mathbf{0}$ is an $(m-1)$ - component vector of zeros, \mathbf{I} is an $(m-1)$ by $(m-1)$ identity matrix, and

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} a_2 \\ a_3 \\ a_4 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ a_m \end{bmatrix} \tag{52}$$

Let a general step in the iterative computation of $\{C_{n+k}; k = 0,1,2,3,\dots\}$ be represented by

$$B = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{A}^T \tag{53}$$

Furthermore, let C be partitioned as

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C^T \\ C & C_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad (54)$$

where C_{11} is a scalar, C_{22} is an $(m-1)$ by $(m-1)$ matrix, and C is an $(m-1)$ - component column vector.

Then, similarly, let B be partitioned as

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} B_{11} & B \\ B^T & B_{22} \end{bmatrix} \quad (55)$$

where B_{11} is an $(m-1)$ by $(m-1)$ matrix, B is an $(m-1)$ - component column vector, and B_{22} is a scalar. Then,

$$\begin{bmatrix} B_{11} & B \\ B^T & B_{22} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I \\ a_1 & A^T \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_{11} & C^T \\ C & C_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0^T & a_1 \\ I & A \end{bmatrix} \quad (56)$$

It follows that

$$\begin{aligned} B_{11} &= C_{22} \\ B &= a_1 C + C_{22} A \\ B_{22} &= C_{11} a_1^2 + 2a_1 A^T C + A^T C_{22} A \end{aligned} \quad (57)$$

(Note: The scalar B_{22} is the variance of the prediction at that particular iteration.)

The algorithm consists of:

- (1) Compute $a_1 C$ and store in B .
- (2) Multiply B by 2.0 and store in work vector D .
- (3) Compute vector $C_{22} A$ and add into both B and D .
- (4) Calculate the scalar $A^T D$ and store in B_{22} .

- (6) Move C_{22} into upper left $(m-1) \times (m-1)$ submatrix of new covariance matrix.
- (7) Store B into upper right $(m-1)$ by 1 submatrix (i.e., vector) of new covariance, and its transposition into the lower left 1 by $(m-1)$ row vector.
- (8) Store B_{22} in the (m,m) position of the new covariance matrix.

This sequence of computations will allow the new covariance matrix to be stored into the same memory as the preceding covariance matrix. The rms estimate of error of prediction is given by

$$\hat{\sigma}_{AR} = C_0 + \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^m a_i a_j C_{i-j} - 2 \sum_{i=1}^m a_i C_{m-i+1} \quad (58)$$

4 Implementation

The Low-Pass Filter

An initial low-pass filter is applied to the time series to eliminate any high-frequency noise that may remain in the signal after its earlier processing. The time series for times from $J_0 - LPREV$ to $J_0 + M - 1$ (i.e., $M + LPREV = MPLP$ time-steps) is first transformed with the fast Fourier transform (FFT) algorithm to the frequency domain. An FFT subroutine based on MPLP time-steps being expressible as a product of powers of 2, 3, and 5 is used. The frequency-domain version of the time series interval is then multiplied, for each frequency step, by a filter function that is almost 1.0 for frequencies between $-FLPASS$ and $+FLPASS$, and almost zero for frequencies with absolute value greater than $FLPASS + WIDTH$. A smooth transition within the interval $[FLPASS, FLPASS + WIDTH]$, and its mirror image in negative frequencies is achieved with a cumulative normal probability shape. The accuracy with which 1.0 on low frequencies and 0.0 on high frequencies is attained is controlled with the input variable $FRAC$ in the subroutine call. If $FRAC = 0.01$, for example, the error will be less than 1 percent. Since the frequency filter function is symmetric about frequency equal zero, the filter will have zero phase shift. All frequencies ($FLPASS$ and $WIDTH$) are expressed in cycles per time unit, rather than time-step number. Thus, these values can be entered independently of the number of steps in the FFT call.

The Computer Program

The computer program PREDICT.FOR assumes input of a time series, $\{V_j\}$, for $j = 1, 2, 3, \dots, NJ$ as read from file TIMESER.DAT. A maximum value for m is specified by M , although the program may choose to use a shorter m value than M . A constant JB is input in parameter statements, which controls the time-step for the first prediction, at step $JB + M$. Estimates are then made for each time-step from $JB + M$ to the end of the sequence. An rms error of estimate is provided at each step.

After the application of the low-pass filter on the interval $[J_0-LPREV, J_0+M-1]$ at each prediction, a straight line is fitted to the data for time-steps

$$J_0 - LPREV \leq j \leq J_0 + M - 1 \quad (59)$$

where the prediction is being made for step $J_0 + M$. This straight line is subtracted out

$$W_j = V_j - a - bj \quad (60)$$

and covariance function estimates are made over the same interval of time-steps.

The computer program searches for the lag just before the lag at which the covariance function has its first down-crossing of zero. The covariance function at all higher lags is set to zero, and m is set to equal the terminating lag. This seems to give good estimates that can be obtained quickly on the computer. However, the code is easy to adjust, should other choices appear better in subsequent use.

The parameter IFLAG controls which prediction method is used. If IFLAG is 1, then only Kriging estimates are prepared. If IFLAG = 2, only the autoregressive methods are used. If IFLAG = 3, both procedures are calculated. Several other flags are included in the program for the convenience of the user. The flag IDOC causes a variety of check output to be printed on DEVICE 2 if IDOC=1. If IDOC=0 the check output is suppressed. Another flag, IBYPASS, controls whether or not detailed prediction output is printed into DEVICE 2. If IBYPASS=0, the material is printed (i.e., the output section is not bypassed). If IBYPASS=1, the section is bypassed. A brief listing of the low-pass filtered series and the shutdown decisions is output onto DEVICE 4.

Three appendices at the end of this report list, respectively, the input file GARSHOR.DAT (in compressed form), the computer program PREDICT6.for, and a lengthy listing of the output results from DEVICE 4.

In the output, the autoregressive estimates have slightly less rms error, but are biased, with a bias of

$$\frac{\text{bias}}{\text{true value}} = 1 - \text{SUM AR COEF} = 1 - 0.80226 \quad (61)$$

$$= 0.19774$$

The Kriging estimates are constrained to be unbiased, but as a result, they have a slightly larger rms error. Both estimates appear good and involve about the same computational difficulty.

Filter Characteristics

Filter characteristics were studied by an approximate procedure. Since both the Kriging and the autoregressive approaches depend on the actual multiplier coefficients and the covariance function of the input data, general results cannot be given. However, approximate behavior can be deduced from an assumption that the coefficients produce behavior about like a convolution with a half-tent function given in the log domain as

$$w(h) = \begin{cases} \frac{2}{h_0} \left\{ 1 - \frac{h}{h_0} \right\}, & 0 \leq h \leq h_0 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (62)$$

where

h_0 = the function width

The Fourier transform of $w(h)$ and its associated amplification and phase functions represent an approximate description of the filter characteristics. The Fourier transform of $w(h)$ is

$$W(f) = \int_0^{h_0} \frac{2}{h_0} \left\{ 1 - \frac{h}{h_0} \right\} e^{-i\pi fh} dh \quad (63)$$

After integration by parts and some algebra, this reduces to

$$W(f) = \left[1 - e^{-i\pi fh_0} \frac{\sin(\pi fh_0)}{\pi fh_0} \right] / (i\pi fh_0) \quad (64)$$

The real and imaginary parts of $W(f)$ are

$$\operatorname{Re}\{W(f)\} = \left[\frac{\sin(\pi fh_0)^2}{\pi fh_0} \right] \quad (65)$$

$$\operatorname{Im}\{W(f)\} = - \left[\frac{1}{\pi fh_0} - \frac{\sin(\pi fh_0) \cos(\pi fh_0)}{(\pi fh_0)^2} \right] \quad (66)$$

The amplification and phase functions of the filter are then

$$AMP(f) = \sqrt{[Re\{W(f)\}]^2 + [Im\{W(f)\}]^2} \quad (67)$$

$$PHAZ(f) = \arctan[Im\{W(f)\}/Re\{W(f)\}] \quad (68)$$

All of these are functions of $f h_0$. Hence, a table of frequency characteristics of the half-tent filter can be listed versus values of $f h_0$, which is dimensionless. The filter has an amplification of 1.0 at $f = 0$, and a half-peak drop-off at $f h_0 = 0.7745$. Since h_0 in the data used is around 8, the half-peak frequency would be $0.7745/8 = 0.097$ cycles per time-step, or a corresponding wave length of 10 time-steps. Wavelengths shorter than this are being suppressed by the filter.

Stationarity of Prediction Sequence

The sequence of predictions $\{\hat{V}_j, j=n, n+1, n+2, \dots\}$, as based on $\{V_i, i=n-m, n-m+1, n-m+2, \dots, n-1\}$, is not a statistically stationary sequence in either Kriging or autoregressive estimation. The rms error varies with time-step. There are other differences depending on the specific properties of each method. It is particularly revealing to examine the asymptotic behavior of the sequences for each method.

Asymptotic Behavior of Kriging

The basic structure of the Kriging estimation is given by Equation 31. If the time-step at the estimation is sufficiently far ahead of the data time-steps used in making the estimate that the value there is uncorrelated with the data, then $\rho_{00} = 0$, and the solution to Equation 31 can be written as

$$\begin{aligned} b &= \mu^T R^{-1} \mu \\ \begin{bmatrix} a \\ \lambda/C_0 \end{bmatrix} &= \begin{bmatrix} R^{-1}[I - \mu \mu^T R^{-1} / b] & R^{-1} \mu / b \\ \mu^T R^{-1} / b & -1.0 / b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \mu_{n+k} \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned} \quad (69)$$

Hence, the Kriging coefficients and Lagrangian coefficient are

$$\begin{aligned} a &= \mu_{n+k}^T R^{-1} \mu / b \\ \lambda &= \mu_{n+k}^T C_0 / b \end{aligned} \quad (70)$$

and the prediction and mean-square-error is

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{V}_{n+k} &= \mu_{n+k} \frac{\mathbf{V}^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}}{\boldsymbol{\mu}^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}} \\ \sigma_E^2 &= C_0 \left[1.0 - \frac{\mu_{n+k}}{\boldsymbol{\mu}^T \mathbf{R}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (71)$$

Consequently, the Kriging error does not go to zero, but has some value that depends on R. The asymptotic estimate of V converges to a weighted average of the data values times the mean at the prediction time-step.

Asymptotic Behavior for the Autoregressive Estimates

From Equation 46, asymptotic behavior of \mathbf{W}_{n+k} depends on the absolute value of the largest eigenvalue of the matrix A. This can be less than 1.0, equal to 1.0, or greater than 1.0 for reasonable choices of correlation coefficients. (For example, in an $m=2$ autoregressive sequence with correlation coefficient at lag 1 equal to 0.5 and at lag 2 equal to 0.1, the absolute value of the largest eigenvalue is 0.4472. If the lag 1 correlation coefficient is changed to 0.9 while the lag 2 correlation coefficient is left at 0.1, the absolute value of the largest eigenvalue is 1.2247. If the absolute value of the eigenvalue is less than 1.0, then the asymptotic value of the estimate of \mathbf{W}_{n+k} will tend towards zero as k increases indefinitely. Similarly, if the absolute value of the largest eigenvalue is greater than 1.0, then the estimate will become indefinitely large as k increases.

5 Results and Conclusions

Case Applications

Application of the Kriging or autoregressive procedures requires the user to specify two parameters related to the physical situation. The first is the threshold value of the difference between observed and predicted water levels (the residual) beyond which ARTTES data may be degraded (variable THOLD in Appendix B). The second is the permissible duration of the threshold exceedance (variable NPF in Appendix B). The threshold value is chosen using engineering judgment and knowledge of residual values from previous water-level monitoring at the site. The goal is to choose a value such that smaller residuals represent meteorological effects that are large enough in scale to have a uniform effect over the specified area of ARTTES operation. The assumption of spatial uniformity becomes somewhat questionable for residuals exceeding the threshold.

In the earlier non-adaptive procedure, user access was denied whenever the residual exceeded a preset limit, even if the threshold was just slightly exceeded. The Kriging or autoregressive procedures provide an estimate of the duration of a specific threshold exceedance. The magnitude of the estimate is related to the size and severity of the event, causing the deviation from predicted water levels, thereby providing an objective basis for a decision to use or ignore the system during periods of degraded data.

The essence of this suggested new approach is that the assumption of spatial uniformity is likely to be met, even though the threshold is exceeded, if data from the recent past are used to distinguish short-duration events from long-duration events, which alter the fundamental physical setting. Alteration of the physical setting for extended periods affects the site-specific tidal amplitude and phasing relationships upon which the ARTTES calculations are based, thereby producing potentially erroneous values. The duration limit is based upon knowledge of the history of site water-level data and engineering judgment.

By using combinations of levels of threshold exceedance and duration, practical aspects of the dredging process may be taken into account. Because dredges are costly to operate, data access denial should occur only when the

potential consequences warrant. In other words, data degraded to a known degree are usually preferable to no data at all. For example, the dredging supervisor may deem it preferable to permit a relatively high level of threshold exceedance for a relatively short time; say, an estimated duration of 1 hr, rather than deny access.

Two applications were made of the Kriging and autoregressive procedures. The first was to a synthesized time series (Appendix A) of known statistical properties. The values of the variables THOLD and NPF for this application were 0.25 m and 10 time-steps, respectively. Results of this application are given in Appendix C. In general, periods of access denial for this simulation are not found until the latter part of the time series, first at time-step 1200 and again at time-step 1600. Beginning at time-step 1637, there is an extended period of access denial that continues until time-step 1683, or 47 time-steps. Examination of the input time series for this period shows residual values exceeding the threshold, often by factors of two or more. Moreover, comparison of the input and output time series shows that short periods of threshold exceedance in the input time series are smoothed out by the low-pass filter and therefore do not invoke application of the Kriging procedure.

The Kriging and autoregressive procedures also were applied to a residual time series acquired at an operating ARTTES system. This time series is typical of periods when weather conditions are unsuitable for survey vessel operation but when dredges were likely to continue operating. The threshold value and acceptable duration for this application were set at 0.2 m and 3 hr, respectively. Results of the applied Kriging procedure are shown in Figure 1. The autoregressive procedure produced almost identical results. Both periods during which user access is denied under the present system and the Kriging procedure are illustrated. Note the shorter period of user denial with the Kriging procedure when compared with the existing system. As with the synthesized time series, a low-pass filter was applied to the input time series to remove high-frequency components before applying the Kriging or autoregressive procedures.

Summary and Conclusions

Objective estimation procedures have been developed to augment the present method, which denies users access to ARTTES data during periods of poor weather conditions. The procedures, termed "kriging" and "autoregression," provide an estimate of the duration that a given residual threshold will be exceeded. This estimate can be used by project managers as a decision basis for permitting dredge operators continued access to the system during periods of possible degraded data.

A computer code is provided for determination of Kriging and autoregressive estimates of future residual values (V_t) based upon residual values at the

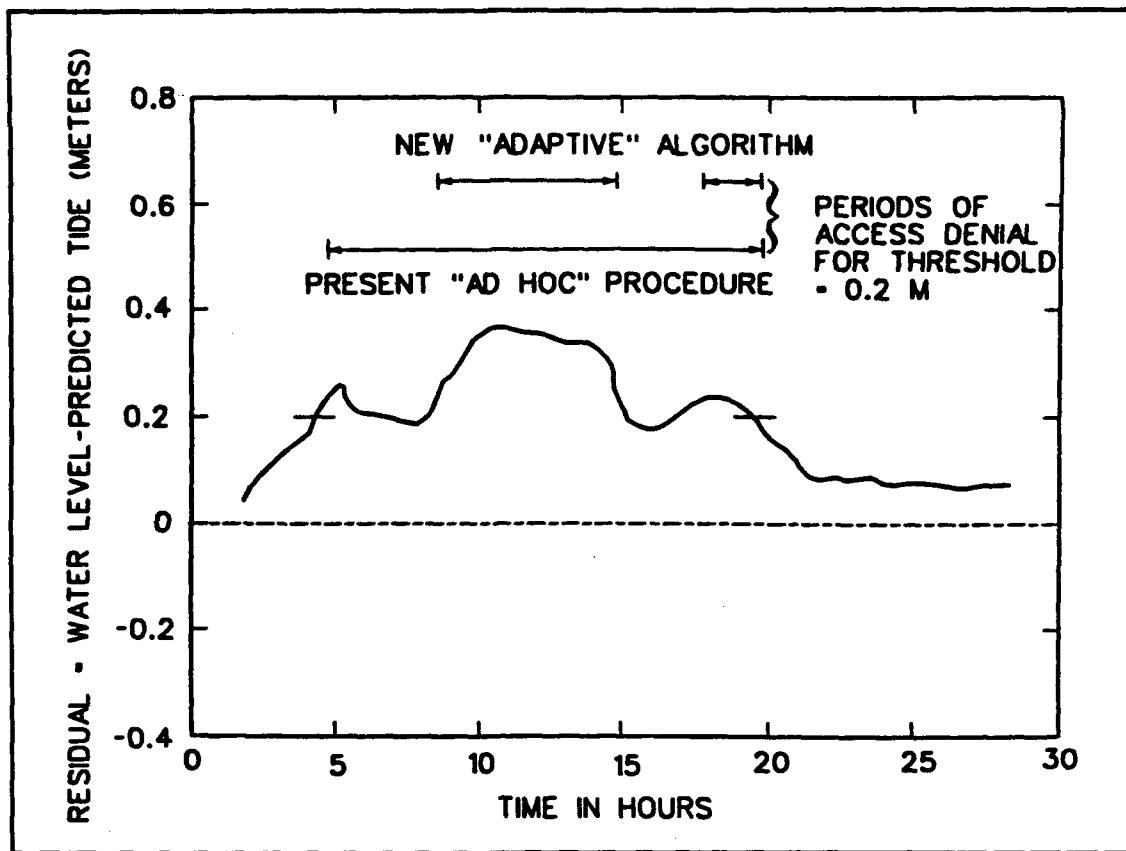


Figure 1. Comparison of ARTTES access periods for ad hoc and adaptive procedures for 0.2-m threshold

preceding time-steps. The code includes a low-pass filter with user-specified cut-off frequency (FLPASS).

Two estimation procedures were evaluated during this study; autoregression and Kriging. It was determined that although the Kriging procedure has a slightly larger rms error than the autoregression procedure, the Kriging estimate is unbiased whereas the autoregression estimate shows bias.

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Appendix A Input Time Series, GARSHOR.DAT

Table A1

(Tens of step numbers in left column, units for steps across columns, time series values in body of table)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	0.07	0.12	0.14	0.15	0.14	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.10	
10	0.15	0.24	0.31	0.33	0.31	0.23	0.16	0.09	0.10	0.10
20	0.08	0.07	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.09	0.08	0.08	0.09
30	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.08	0.18	0.29	0.31	0.27	0.18
40	0.11	0.08	0.09	0.06	0.02	-0.04	-0.23	-0.40	-0.52	-0.53
50	-0.43	-0.37	-0.28	-0.14	-0.12	-0.11	-0.07	0.00	-0.01	-0.01
60	-0.03	0.00	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.05	-0.02	-0.07
70	-0.06	-0.01	0.05	0.10	0.14	0.16	0.17	0.14	0.12	0.12
80	0.16	0.22	0.24	0.23	0.22	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.22
90	0.19	0.17	0.16	0.17	0.16	0.17	0.15	0.12	0.10	0.08
100	0.12	0.16	0.21	0.28	0.28	0.23	0.15	0.13	0.06	0.04
110	0.03	0.00	-0.01	-0.06	-0.08	-0.10	-0.10	-0.04	-0.01	-0.05
120	-0.10	-0.08	-0.10	-0.09	-0.08	-0.04	-0.03	-0.02	0.00	0.04
130	0.08	0.11	0.11	0.06	-0.01	-0.04	-0.06	-0.01	0.06	0.10
140	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.04	-0.02	0.00	0.07	0.10	0.11	0.13
150	0.09	0.08	0.15	0.20	0.25	0.28	0.23	0.12	0.03	-0.02
160	-0.04	-0.02	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.03	-0.01	-0.04
170	-0.03	-0.01	-0.02	-0.02	-0.01	0.01	0.07	0.16	0.22	0.26
180	0.23	0.15	0.07	-0.02	-0.05	-0.04	0.02	0.09	0.10	0.16
190	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.18	0.17	0.20	0.19	0.17	0.11	0.12
200	0.12	0.18	0.33	0.48	0.59	0.58	0.45	0.25	0.12	0.10
210	0.10	0.10	0.08	0.11	0.13	0.18	0.23	0.22	0.19	0.16
220	0.09	0.04	0.03	0.08	0.11	0.17	0.22	0.31	0.35	0.34
230	0.29	0.19	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.06	0.10	0.14	0.20
240	0.23	0.28	0.27	0.25	0.21	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.07	0.10
250	0.18	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.21	0.09	-0.05	-0.10	-0.10	-0.03
260	-0.02	-0.04	-0.05	-0.03	-0.03	-0.03	-0.01	0.01	-0.01	-0.07
270	-0.11	-0.13	-0.15	-0.15	-0.14	-0.12	-0.11	-0.08	-0.07	-0.10
280	-0.14	-0.19	-0.18	-0.15	-0.28	-0.24	-0.16	-0.04	0.08	0.10
290	0.12	0.16	0.19	0.18	0.12	0.09	0.13	0.13	0.12	0.12
300	0.13	0.19	0.24	0.26	0.24	0.21	0.20	0.16	0.12	0.09
310	0.06	0.05	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.03	0.00
320	0.00	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.02	0.02	-0.02	-0.07	-0.09	-0.08
330	-0.05	-0.06	-0.11	-0.15	-0.17	-0.16	-0.17	-0.18	-0.18	-0.17
340	-0.11	-0.09	-0.11	-0.11	-0.11	-0.07	-0.08	-0.11	-0.15	-0.19
350	-0.21	-0.23	-0.22	-0.17	-0.12	-0.09	-0.10	-0.13	-0.16	-0.13
360	-0.11	-0.07	-0.06	-0.05	-0.05	-0.04	-0.04	0.01	0.09	0.17
370	0.20	0.21	0.19	0.14	0.03	-0.04	-0.08	-0.05	0.02	0.07
380	0.07	0.05	0.02	-0.02	-0.05	-0.07	-0.09	-0.10	-0.10	-0.09
390	-0.08	-0.04	0.01	0.06	0.11	0.12	0.11	0.09	0.03	-0.03

(Continued)

Table A1 (Continued)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
400	-0.10	-0.13	-0.10	-0.06	-0.06	-0.09	-0.13	-0.17	-0.20	-0.19
410	-0.17	-0.17	-0.21	-0.28	-0.28	-0.23	-0.16	-0.07	0.03	0.11
420	0.10	0.04	-0.04	-0.11	-0.19	-0.19	-0.17	-0.11	-0.09	-0.10
430	-0.14	-0.16	-0.17	-0.19	-0.17	-0.13	-0.11	-0.14	-0.18	-0.17
440	-0.12	-0.05	-0.01	0.02	0.02	0.01	-0.04	-0.10	-0.16	-0.19
450	-0.18	-0.17	-0.17	-0.15	-0.14	-0.17	-0.20	-0.18	-0.19	-0.20
460	-0.18	-0.18	-0.18	-0.10	0.00	0.10	0.16	0.22	0.26	0.24
470	0.20	0.15	0.06	0.04	0.02	0.02	0.09	0.19	0.24	0.28
480	0.25	0.19	0.11	0.07	0.01	0.06	0.02	0.04	0.14	0.25
490	0.38	0.47	0.48	0.46	0.37	0.22	0.13	0.04	0.04	0.09
500	0.09	0.15	0.28	0.42	0.50	0.44	0.37	0.26	0.12	0.03
510	-0.03	0.00	0.18	0.34	0.43	0.52	0.59	0.58	0.50	0.38
520	0.22	0.16	0.16	0.19	0.23	0.24	0.28	0.31	0.31	0.26
530	0.22	0.22	0.19	0.17	0.17	0.21	0.26	0.33	0.36	0.37
540	0.34	0.31	0.23	0.15	0.11	0.15	0.16	0.17	0.16	0.15
550	0.14	0.16	0.14	0.11	0.05	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.09
560	0.14	0.18	0.20	0.20	0.16	0.11	0.04	-0.01	-0.04	0.00
570	0.02	0.04	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.01	-0.01	-0.03	-0.07	-0.08
580	-0.07	-0.05	-0.02	0.04	0.12	0.17	0.15	0.15	0.12	0.08
590	0.01	-0.06	-0.08	-0.05	-0.01	0.03	0.05	0.04	0.02	0.01
600	0.00	-0.03	-0.08	-0.11	-0.11	-0.12	-0.14	-0.08	0.00	0.09
610	0.10	0.08	0.08	0.06	-0.01	-0.06	-0.11	-0.10	-0.03	0.04
620	0.07	0.08	0.06	0.04	0.03	-0.02	-0.06	-0.04	0.00	0.04
630	0.07	0.11	0.21	0.31	0.35	0.37	0.37	0.34	0.27	0.20
640	0.12	0.10	0.14	0.18	0.17	0.17	0.13	0.10	0.08	0.05
650	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	-0.01	0.01	0.07	0.16	0.19	0.22
660	0.21	0.15	0.09	0.01	-0.04	-0.05	-0.04	-0.01	0.01	0.03
670	0.04	0.04	0.01	-0.02	-0.03	-0.05	-0.08	-0.10	-0.12	-0.10
680	-0.04	0.04	0.11	0.14	0.10	0.03	-0.06	-0.13	-0.17	-0.18
690	-0.18	-0.16	-0.12	-0.10	-0.13	-0.19	-0.22	-0.25	-0.26	-0.29
700	-0.30	-0.28	-0.27	-0.24	-0.18	-0.06	0.05	0.09	0.11	0.09
710	0.06	-0.01	-0.08	-0.10	-0.08	-0.02	0.03	0.04	0.08	0.07
720	0.04	0.00	-0.02	-0.05	-0.07	-0.12	-0.16	-0.16	-0.13	-0.04
730	0.02	0.06	0.08	0.06	0.03	-0.04	-0.10	-0.11	-0.10	-0.09
740	-0.09	-0.06	-0.02	0.02	0.01	-0.03	-0.08	-0.12	-0.15	-0.18
750	-0.17	-0.13	-0.10	-0.08	-0.07	-0.05	-0.01	0.01	0.00	-0.09
760	-0.18	-0.22	-0.22	-0.22	-0.23	-0.21	-0.14	-0.11	-0.11	-0.12
770	-0.12	-0.11	-0.12	-0.14	-0.16	-0.15	-0.12	-0.09	-0.05	-0.04
780	-0.03	-0.02	-0.05	-0.11	-0.17	-0.19	-0.20	-0.18	-0.18	-0.19
790	-0.21	-0.20	-0.21	-0.20	-0.18	-0.15	-0.14	-0.17	-0.18	-0.16
800	-0.10	-0.05	0.00	0.00	-0.04	-0.03	-0.01	-0.01	0.02	0.03
810	0.06	0.08	0.11	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.12	0.11	0.08	0.10
820	0.14	0.17	0.21	0.25	0.29	0.32	0.34	0.31	0.29	0.22
830	0.15	0.11	0.11	0.14	0.14	0.16	0.16	0.15	0.14	0.06
840	0.00	-0.02	0.01	0.04	0.09	0.15	0.19	0.22	0.27	0.31
850	0.35	0.30	0.22	0.11	0.01	-0.05	-0.04	0.01	0.09	0.14
860	0.17	0.15	0.12	0.07	-0.01	-0.06	-0.06	-0.05	-0.04	0.00
870	0.07	0.13	0.18	0.25	0.29	0.28	0.18	0.04	-0.09	-0.17
880	-0.19	-0.13	-0.05	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.07	0.03	-0.05	-0.13
890	-0.15	-0.14	-0.15	-0.14	-0.10	-0.02	0.07	0.15	0.22	0.27
900	0.23	0.15	0.04	-0.08	-0.15	-0.12	-0.03	0.04	0.04	0.07
910	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.07	0.01	-0.04	-0.10	-0.12	-0.15	-0.12
920	-0.06	0.04	0.15	0.26	0.32	0.27	0.13	-0.02	-0.10	-0.11
930	-0.08	-0.05	-0.02	-0.02	0.03	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.10	0.04

(Continued)

Table A1 (Continued)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
940	0.01	-0.03	-0.07	-0.03	0.01	0.00	-0.01	0.05	0.11	0.16
950	0.08	-0.05	-0.14	-0.14	-0.13	-0.09	-0.06	-0.02	-0.02	0.01
960	0.01	0.01	0.04	0.07	0.03	-0.03	-0.06	-0.06	-0.04	-0.03
970	-0.05	-0.03	0.02	0.04	0.00	-0.06	-0.11	-0.11	-0.11	-0.16
980	-0.17	-0.13	-0.14	-0.16	-0.19	-0.16	-0.12	-0.09	-0.05	-0.04
990	-0.07	-0.11	-0.13	-0.13	-0.13	-0.10	-0.05	-0.03	-0.01	-0.04
1000	-0.08	-0.08	-0.06	-0.09	-0.10	-0.06	-0.05	-0.09	-0.12	-0.15
1010	-0.13	-0.06	0.01	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.05	0.07	0.05	0.03
1020	0.02	0.01	-0.03	-0.08	-0.08	-0.05	-0.01	-0.03	-0.08	-0.09
1030	-0.11	-0.12	-0.16	-0.19	-0.21	-0.16	-0.13	-0.12	-0.08	-0.04
1040	0.00	-0.01	-0.03	-0.07	-0.13	-0.16	-0.21	-0.25	-0.25	-0.17
1050	-0.12	-0.11	-0.12	-0.16	-0.20	-0.24	-0.27	-0.31	-0.33	-0.32
1060	-0.28	-0.26	-0.20	-0.10	-0.01	0.03	0.05	0.01	-0.04	-0.11
1070	-0.19	-0.25	-0.24	-0.17	-0.10	-0.06	-0.06	-0.09	-0.14	-0.20
1080	-0.23	-0.26	-0.27	-0.27	-0.28	-0.27	-0.22	-0.15	-0.08	0.00
1090	0.05	0.03	0.00	-0.04	-0.11	-0.19	-0.25	-0.22	-0.13	-0.07
1100	0.02	0.11	-0.02	-0.09	-0.12	-0.12	-0.18	-0.18	-0.16	-0.10
1110	-0.03	0.11	0.28	0.41	0.48	0.44	0.37	0.24	0.15	0.04
1120	-0.02	-0.01	0.07	0.19	0.32	0.38	0.37	0.34	0.27	0.16
1130	0.08	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.14	0.23	0.37	0.48	0.54	0.53
1140	0.47	0.40	0.31	0.18	0.12	0.14	0.21	0.28	0.34	0.39
1150	0.41	0.38	0.28	0.21	0.14	0.12	0.14	0.14	0.15	0.19
1160	0.25	0.33	0.40	0.39	0.36	0.31	0.24	0.17	0.11	0.13
1170	0.17	0.21	0.24	0.26	0.26	0.25	0.19	0.13	0.09	0.11
1180	0.14	0.16	0.20	0.21	0.24	0.30	0.34	0.35	0.31	0.29
1190	0.27	0.20	0.17	0.16	0.19	0.22	0.24	0.27	0.30	0.28
1200	0.20	0.13	0.08	0.10	0.14	0.15	0.18	0.19	0.20	0.23
1210	0.25	0.23	0.17	0.09	0.00	-0.05	-0.07	-0.05	-0.02	0.03
1220	0.06	0.08	0.12	0.12	0.10	0.01	-0.04	0.02	0.02	0.04
1230	0.09	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.17	0.17	0.11	0.06	0.02	0.00
1240	-0.01	-0.03	-0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	-0.02	-0.06	-0.10	-0.18
1250	-0.19	-0.15	-0.05	-0.04	-0.05	-0.02	0.00	0.04	0.06	0.07
1260	0.02	-0.01	-0.04	-0.11	-0.09	-0.12	-0.09	-0.10	-0.18	-0.22
1270	-0.23	-0.26	-0.35	-0.43	-0.42	-0.29	-0.08	0.04	0.12	0.20
1280	0.22	0.19	0.13	0.03	-0.10	-0.18	-0.20	-0.22	-0.12	-0.04
1290	0.07	0.11	0.02	-0.09	-0.19	-0.22	-0.30	-0.42	-0.59	-0.67
1300	-0.58	-0.37	-0.13	0.08	0.15	0.12	0.07	-0.01	-0.09	-0.17
1310	-0.20	-0.23	-0.19	-0.08	0.04	0.17	0.20	0.19	0.11	0.00
1320	-0.15	-0.29	-0.36	-0.34	-0.24	-0.11	0.04	0.23	0.39	0.40
1330	0.35	0.26	0.15	0.04	-0.05	-0.09	-0.05	0.06	0.19	0.31
1340	0.41	0.42	0.33	0.18	0.02	-0.14	-0.22	-0.24	-0.21	-0.11
1350	0.04	0.20	0.34	0.38	0.38	0.31	0.22	0.04	-0.10	-0.22
1360	-0.24	-0.18	-0.04	0.09	0.19	0.20	0.11	0.03	-0.10	-0.23
1370	-0.36	-0.43	-0.42	-0.31	-0.17	0.01	0.19	0.32	0.40	0.37
1380	0.24	0.05	-0.09	-0.20	-0.22	-0.14	0.00	0.14	0.29	0.39
1390	0.38	0.29	0.15	-0.02	-0.21	-0.33	-0.36	-0.35	-0.25	-0.15
1400	0.03	0.22	0.32	0.31	0.21	0.05	-0.13	-0.31	-0.40	-0.40
1410	-0.30	-0.16	0.05	0.22	0.28	0.27	0.17	0.03	-0.18	-0.26
1420	-0.32	-0.34	-0.34	-0.23	-0.01	0.23	0.39	0.48	0.48	0.33
1430	0.13	-0.10	-0.25	-0.26	-0.15	-0.01	0.14	0.28	0.45	0.48
1440	0.45	0.35	0.17	0.03	-0.08	-0.18	-0.25	-0.20	-0.05	0.16
1450	0.39	0.58	0.64	0.59	0.43	0.21	0.03	-0.15	-0.16	-0.08
1460	0.09	0.23	0.40	0.59	0.68	0.66	0.52	0.41	0.25	0.12
1470	0.02	-0.03	0.04	0.14	0.25	0.41	0.52	0.58	0.57	0.36
1480	0.13	-0.09	-0.24	-0.28	-0.22	-0.10	0.05	0.23	0.40	0.49
1490	0.47	0.37	0.25	0.05	-0.10	-0.22	-0.25	-0.17	-0.02	0.13

(Continued)

Table A1 (Continued)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1500	0.31	0.44	0.45	0.35	0.17	-0.03	-0.20	-0.31	-0.33	-0.26
1510	-0.17	-0.03	0.14	0.30	0.40	0.46	0.42	0.31	0.13	-0.04
1520	-0.16	-0.20	-0.16	-0.08	0.07	0.26	0.38	0.40	0.34	0.21
1530	0.03	-0.17	-0.31	-0.37	-0.37	-0.25	-0.06	0.12	0.31	0.44
1540	0.50	0.48	0.32	0.15	0.01	-0.08	-0.14	-0.19	-0.16	-0.02
1550	0.16	0.30	0.39	0.40	0.32	0.13	-0.11	-0.33	-0.45	-0.47
1560	-0.37	-0.19	0.01	0.20	0.36	0.43	0.35	0.23	0.13	0.01
1570	-0.10	-0.17	-0.17	-0.09	0.05	0.24	0.40	0.51	0.53	0.42
1580	0.25	0.07	-0.04	-0.14	-0.19	-0.09	0.09	0.26	0.47	0.60
1590	0.62	0.56	0.49	0.43	0.32	0.26	0.13	0.08	0.12	0.20
1600	0.29	0.44	0.54	0.53	0.49	0.37	0.21	0.08	-0.04	-0.05
1610	-0.04	0.07	0.26	0.39	0.51	0.61	0.63	0.60	0.48	0.34
1620	0.19	0.10	0.13	0.17	0.26	0.42	0.56	0.64	0.68	0.63
1630	0.49	0.36	0.23	0.14	0.11	0.17	0.26	0.40	0.54	0.64
1640	0.70	0.70	0.63	0.52	0.40	0.28	0.17	0.10	0.13	0.28
1650	0.50	0.69	0.77	0.72	0.61	0.45	0.30	0.17	0.09	0.11
1660	0.18	0.28	0.42	0.56	0.67	0.70	0.67	0.55	0.39	0.26
1670	0.13	0.03	0.00	0.13	0.34	0.54	0.70	0.71	0.63	0.47
1680	0.27	0.07	-0.09	-0.13	-0.08	0.02	0.15	0.32	0.50	0.60
1690	0.57	0.46	0.29	0.14	0.01	-0.13	-0.17	-0.08	0.10	0.30
1700	0.47	0.55	0.53	0.44	0.28	0.09	-0.07	-0.10	-0.04	-0.02
1710	0.11	0.29	0.49	0.59	0.61	0.58	0.48	0.36	0.22	0.12
1720	0.05	0.05	0.11	0.20	0.36	0.48	0.57	0.55	0.44	0.23
1730	0.03	-0.12	-0.15	-0.13	-0.01	0.11	0.28	0.40	0.49	0.46
1740	0.43	0.32	0.14	-0.01	-0.12	-0.14	-0.07	0.01	0.14	0.29
1750	0.40	0.43	0.39	0.25	0.06	-0.10	-0.22	-0.28	-0.25	-0.17
1760	-0.03	0.10	0.23	0.28	0.24	0.17	0.05	-0.08	-0.20	-0.25
1770	-0.27	-0.23	-0.16	-0.07	0.05	0.16	0.18	0.15	0.04	-0.10
1780	-0.22	-0.33	-0.35	-0.31	-0.17	-0.02	0.10	0.21	0.25	0.23
1790	0.16	0.03	-0.10	-0.18	-0.21	-0.19	-0.12	-0.03	0.07	0.20
1800	0.34	0.37	0.34	0.23	0.09	-0.02	-0.06	-0.07	0.00	0.10
1810	0.21	0.30	0.37	0.41	0.37	0.27	0.14	0.04	-0.04	-0.10
1820	-0.11	-0.10	-0.03	0.05	0.16	0.24	0.27	0.24	0.14	0.02
1830	-0.08	-0.13	-0.15	-0.12	-0.04	0.04	0.13	0.23	0.24	0.23
1840	0.16	0.05	-0.05	-0.12	-0.18	-0.20	-0.18	-0.07	0.05	0.12
1850	0.17	0.22	0.20	0.10	-0.02	-0.10	-0.14	-0.18	-0.14	-0.01
1860	0.09	0.21	0.33	0.37	0.37	0.26	0.17	0.12	0.07	0.06
1870	0.07	0.08	0.15	0.25	0.34	0.40	0.45	0.43	0.36	0.26
1880	0.21	0.18	0.11	0.11	0.13	0.21	0.28	0.33	0.32	0.28
1890	0.24	0.20	0.10	0.04	-0.03	-0.07	-0.06	-0.02	0.08	0.19
1900	0.31	0.36	0.31	0.18	0.04	-0.05	-0.12	-0.17	-0.20	-0.11
1910	-0.04	0.03	0.10	0.16	0.13	0.06	-0.06	-0.17	-0.25	-0.31
1920	-0.32	-0.29	-0.14	0.03	0.23	0.37	0.35	0.27	0.21	0.15
1930	0.11	0.04	0.05	0.15	0.24	0.28	0.32	0.37	0.40	0.38
1940	0.35	0.30	0.24	0.20	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.30	0.40	0.50
1950	0.58	0.58	0.55	0.56	0.49	0.44	0.35	0.34	0.33	0.36
1960	0.42	0.47	0.53	0.51	0.45	0.45	0.31	0.18	0.09	0.03
1970	0.01	0.05	0.20	0.34	0.44	0.47	0.39	0.32	0.19	0.08
1980	-0.02	-0.03	-0.02	0.01	0.06	0.17	0.27	0.32	0.27	0.16
1990	0.02	-0.07	-0.18	-0.28	-0.32	-0.22	-0.03	0.14	0.25	0.31
2000	0.33	0.26	0.16	0.06	-0.03	-0.08	-0.10	-0.06	0.04	0.17
2010	0.30	0.37	0.34	0.23	0.11	-0.01	-0.14	-0.23	-0.27	-0.23
2020	-0.13	0.03	0.18	0.28	0.35	0.34	0.24	0.11	-0.03	-0.12

(Continued)

Table A1 (Concluded)

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
2030	-0.14	-0.11	-0.03	0.12	0.27	0.39	0.41	0.31	0.16	0.00
2040	-0.15	-0.28	-0.36	-0.35	-0.25	-0.10	0.08	0.21	0.31	0.32
2050	0.26	0.13	-0.04	-0.16	-0.24	-0.25	-0.20	-0.05	0.14	0.29
2060	0.39	0.34	0.23	0.05	-0.11	-0.25	-0.38	-0.43	-0.39	-0.25
2070	-0.09	0.05	0.19	0.30	0.28	0.18	-0.02	-0.19	-0.31	-0.34
2080	-0.31	-0.20	-0.02	0.17	0.31	0.36	0.30	0.19	0.05	-0.13
2090	-0.29	-0.41	-0.45	-0.37	-0.24	-0.09	0.10	0.26	0.29	0.19
2100	0.05	-0.13	-0.28	-0.38	-0.41	-0.35	-0.17	0.04	0.21	0.34
2110	0.38	0.36	0.26	0.09	-0.13	-0.29	-0.39	-0.42	-0.38	-0.27
2120	-0.03	0.20	0.31	0.34	0.26	0.09	-0.12	-0.29	-0.42	-0.49
2130	-0.38	-0.15	0.11	0.23	0.32	0.34	0.32			

Appendix B

Prediction Computer Program

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PROGRAM PREDICT6
C ****
C PREDICT (WITH ERROR ESTIMATE) JO + M,JO + M + 1,JO + M + 2,...,JO + M + NPF-1
C TIME-STEP-VALUES BASED ON THE VALUES AT TIME STEPS
C (JO,JO + 1,JO + 2,JO + 3,...,JO + M-1)
C AND FLAG ANY SERIES VALUES MORE THAN K*SIGMA
C FROM THEIR PREDICTORS (NORMALY, K=3)
C
C THE TIME SERIES IS INITIALLY STORED IN FILE: TIMSER.DAT
C AS {V(J);J=1,NJ}, WHERE JO > = JB > = 1 AND (JO + M + NPF-1) < = NJ
C
C MAKE COMPLETE SEQUENCE OF ESTIMATES FOR JB < = JO < = NJ-M-NPF + 1
C (NOTE: THE NUMBER OF TIME STEP SEQUENCES PREDICTED IS
C NPTS = NJ-JB-M + 1). THE PREDICTIONS ARE STORED IN
C {VPK(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} (FOR KRIGING ESTIMATES)
C AND {VPA(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} (FOR AUTOREGRESSIVE
C ESTIMATES). THE CORRESPONDING ESTIMATES OF R.M.S. ERROR
C ARE STORED IN {ERK(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} (FOR KRIGING)
C AND {ERA(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} (FOR AUTOREGRESSIVE
C RESULTS). THE ASSOCIATED TIME STEP INDICES ARE STORED IN
C {JTS(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF}
C
C {VPK(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} = KRIGING PREDICTIONS,
C USING DATA FROM TIME STEPS JJ-M TO JJ-1, AND MAKING
C PREDICTIONS FOR TIME STEPS JJ TO JJ + NPF-1
C {ERK(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} = KRIGING R.M.S. ERROR
C AS BASED ON AND FOR TIME STEPS LISTED ABOVE
C
C {VPA(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} = AUTOREG. PREDICTIONS,
C USING DATA FROM TIME STEPS JJ-M TO JJ-1, AND MAKING
C PREDICTIONS FOR TIME STEPS JJ TO JJ + NPF-1
C {ERA(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} = AUTOREG. R.M.S. ERROR
C AS BASED ON AND FOR TIME STEPS LISTED ABOVE
C
C {JTS(JJ,LL);JJ = 1,NPTS;LL = 1,NPF} = TIME STEPS ASSOCIATED
C WITH VPK AND VPA ARRAYS ABOVE
C
C IF (IFLAG.EQ.1) PREPARE ONLY KRIGED ESTIMATES
C IF (IFLAG.EQ.2) COMPUTE ONLY AUTOREGRESSIVE ESTIMATES
C IF (IFLAG.EQ.3) PREPARE BOTH KRIGED AND AUTOREGRESSIVE
C ESTIMATES
C
C NJ = LENGTH OF TIME SERIES DATA, (IN TIME STEPS)
C M = LENGTH OF PREVIOUS HISTORY USED IN PREDICTION OF NEXT
C VALUE, (IN TIME STEPS)
C MP1 = M + 1
C M05 = AN INTEGER LARGER THAN (MP1/5)
C JB + M = TIME STEP NUMBER FOR THE FIRST PREDICTION
C NPTS = NUMBER OF PREDICTED TIME STEPS
C JO = STARTING TIME STEP IN MAKING A CURRENT PREDICTION,
C (JO GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO JB AND JO LESS THAN OR
C EQUAL TO NJ-M.)
C NPF = NUMBER OF TIME STEPS INTO THE FUTURE, STARTING AT JO + M,
C FOR WHICH PREDICTIONS ARE SIMULTANEOUSLY MADE
C = DURATION
C THOLD = THRESHOLD
C
C IBYPASS = 0, DON'T BYPASS SECTION
C IBYPASS = 1, BYPASS SECTION
C
C MPF = M + NPF
C FRACT = CUMULATIVE FRACTION OF TRACE WHICH IS REGARDED AS

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C      NEGLIGIBLE RELATIVE TO THE SUM OF SMALLER
C      EIGENVALUES. THAT IS, THE EIGENVALUES ARE RANKED
C      IN ASCENDING ORDER OF ABSOLUTE VALUE, AND THE
C      CUMULATIVE SUM OF ABSOLUTE VALUES, FROM SMALLEST TO
C      LARGEST IS COMPUTED. THE SET OF EIGENVALUES WITH
C      CUMULATIVE ABSOLUTE VALUE LESS THAN FRAC*TRACE IS
C      IGNORED IN COMPUTING THE GENERALIZED INVERSES.
C      {JO + M,JO + M + NPF-1} = INTERVAL OF TIME STEPS BEING PREDICTED AT
C      STARTING STEP M, JO
C      LPREV = NUMBER OF TIME STEPS PRIOR TO JO TO BE USED IN
C      CORRELATION ESTIMATES
C      MPLP = M + LPREV (MUST BE A PRODUCT OF POWERS OF 2, 3, AND 5).
C      DT = TIME INCREMENT
C      FLPASS = FREQUENCY (HERTZ) AT WHICH LOWER FREQUENCIES ARE
C      PASSED WITH DISTORTION LESS THAN FFRAC.
C      WIDTH = WIDTH OF TRANSITION ZONE FOR FILTER, IN HERTZ, FROM
C      FLPASS TO A HIGHER FREQUENCY WHERE THE SIGNAL IS
C      ELIMINATED WITH REMAINDER LESS THAN FFRAC.
C      FFRAC = FRACTION PERMITTED FOR FILTER DISTORTION.

C      MVMAX = MP1*(MP1+1)/2
C      NMAX2 = MP1*MP1
C
C      THE CORRELATION FUNCTION IS ESTIMATED WITH THE VALUES IN THE
C      TIME STEP INTERVAL (JO-L, JO + M-1), WHERE (JO-L) >= 1 AND
C      L >= 1
C
C      JEXAM = J-VALUE FOR WHICH INTERMEDIATE OUTPUT IS PRINTED, IF
C      (IDOC.NE.0)
C      IF IDOC = 0, IT DOESN'T MATTER WHAT JEXAM IS SET TO.
C
C      WRITTEN BY LEON BORGMAN, UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING
C *****

C *****
C FFT COMMON BLOCK *****
PARAMETER (MAXN = 3000, MAXN2 = 2048, MAXN3 = 2187, MAXN5 = 625)
PARAMETER (MAXNO2 = 1024, MAXNO3 = 729, MAXNO5 = 125)
C *****
DIMENSION W(MAXN), WR(MAXN2), WI(MAXN2), WRD(MAXN3), WID(MAXN3)
DIMENSION WRT(MAXN5), WIT(MAXN5)
DIMENSION IRB(MAXNO2), CO(MAXNO2), SI(MAXNO2)
DIMENSION IRBD(MAXNO3), COD(MAXNO3), SID(MAXNO3)
DIMENSION IRBT(MAXNO5), COT(MAXNO5), SIT(MAXNO5)
DIMENSION CO1(MAXNO5), SI1(MAXNO5), CO2(MAXNO5), SI2(MAXNO5)
DIMENSION CO3(MAXNO5), SI3(MAXNO5)
COMMON /FFT/W, WR, WI, WRD, WID, WRT, WIT, IRB, CO, SI, IRBD, COD, SID
COMMON /FFT/RBT, COT, SIT, CO1, SI1, CO2, SI2, CO3, SI3
C *****

C ***** PARAMETERS TO BE SET BY USER ***
PARAMETER (NJ = 2136, M = 12, JB = 53, NPTS = 2073, LPREV = 52)
PARAMETER (MP1 = 13, MPLP = 64, IFLAG = 3)
PARAMETER (MVMAX = 496, NMAX2 = 961, NPF = 10, MPF = 22, FRAC = 0.01)
PARAMETER (MOS = 7, THOLD = 0.25, IBYPASS = 1)
PARAMETER (DT = 1.0, FLPASS = 0.04, WIDTH = 0.02, FFRAC = 0.05)

C ***** DIMENSION LIST ***
DIMENSION V(NJ), VV(NJ), CORR(MPF), CORMAT(MP1, MP1)
DIMENSION BI(MP1, MP1), CO(MP1), CK(MP1), CR(M)
DIMENSION VPK(NPTS, NPF), ERK(NPTS, NPF), MLAG(NPTS)

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```

DIMENSION VPA(NPTS,NPF),ERA(NPTS,NPF),JTS(NPTS,NPF)
DIMENSION A(MVMAX),EIVEC(NMAX2)
DIMENSION INDEX(100)
DIMENSION IQB(M05),IQT(M05),IQA(MP1),QA(MP1)
DIMENSION TIMSER(MPLP),WRKVEC(MPLP)

C ***** OUTPUT FILE ***
OPEN (2,FILE = 'PREDICT6.OUT',STATUS = 'UNKNOWN')
OPEN (4,FILE = 'RESULTS.OUT',STATUS = 'UNKNOWN')

C ***** INPUT DATA FILE ***
OPEN (3,FILE = 'garSHOR.DAT',STATUS = 'OLD')

C ***** PROGRAM CONSTANTS ***
IDOC=0
JEXAM=5

WRITE (4,150) THOLD
150 FORMAT (2X,'THRESHOLD = ',F8.2,/,/)

C ***** READ INPUT DATA ***
READ (3,111) (VV(I),I=1,JB+M-2)
111 FORMAT (F8.2)

C PRINT*, 'INPUT DATA READ'

C ***** START COMPUTATIONS ***
C ***** LOOP OVER PREDICTION TIME STEPS ***
DO 1 JJ=1,NPTS

ISTOP1=0
ISTOP2=0

JO=JB+JJ-1
JJJ=JO+M-1
READ (3,111) VV(JJJ)

DO 80 LTS = 1,MPLP
TIMSER(LTS)=VV(JO-LPREV+LTS-1)
WRKVEC(LTS)=0.0
80 CONTINUE
CALL LOPASS(MPLP,FLPASS,WIDTH,TIMSER,WRKVEC,DT,FFRAC)

DO 81 LTS = 1,MPLP
V(JO-LPREV+LTS-1)=TIMSER(LTS)
81 CONTINUE

WRITE (4,151) JJJ,V(JJJ)
151 FORMAT (2X,'JJJ,V(JJJ) = ',I5,F8.2)
PRINT*, 'JJJ,V = ',JJJ,V(JJJ)

MAXLAG=M

C ***** IF READ VALUE IS ABOVE THRESHOLD, ESTIMATE ***
C ***** NPF=DURATION FUTURE VALUES BEYOND STEP ***
C ***** JO + M-1

```

```

        IF (V(J0 + M-1).GE.THOLD) THEN
        WRITE (4,152) V(JJJ)
152     FORMAT (2X,'EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE = ',
        &      F8.2)
        PRINT*, 'EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE = ',
        &      V(JJJ)
C       ***** COMPUTE MEANS OF SET ***
C       PRINT*, 'COMPUTING MEANS'
SUMV=0.0
SUMJ=0.0
DO 3 J=JO-LPREV,JO + M-1
    SUMV=SUMV+V(J)
    SUMJ=SUMJ+J
3     CONTINUE
AVV=SUMV/(M+LPREV)
AVJ=SUMJ/(M+LPREV)
C       ***** COMPUTE LINEAR TREND ***
C       PRINT*, 'FITTING LINEAR TREND'
SXX=0.0
SYY=0.0
SXY=0.0
DO 5 J=JO-LPREV,JO + M-1
    SXX=SXX+(J-AVJ)*(J-AVJ)
    SYY=SYY+(V(J)-AVV)*(V(J)-AVV)
    SXY=SXY+(J-AVJ)*(V(J)-AVV)
5     CONTINUE
BH=SXY/SXX
AH=AVV-BH*AVJ

IF ((DOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
    WRITE (2,200) JJ,AH,BH
200   FORMAT (I,2X,'JJ,AH,BH = ',I5,2F12.5,I)
END IF

C       ***** COMPUTE CORRELATION FUNCTION FOR LAG = 0,...,M ***
C       PRINT*, 'CORRELATION FUNCTION'
DO 2 KK=1,MPF
K=KK-1
C       ***** LAG K COMPUTATIONS ***
IF (K.LE.MAXLAG) THEN
    SUM=0.0
    DO 4 J=JO-LPREV+K,JO + M-1
        JF=J-K
        SUM=SUM+(V(JF)-AH-BH*JF)*(V(J)-AH-BH*J)
4     CONTINUE
    CORR(KK)=SUM/(M+LPREV-K)
    IF (KK.EQ.1) THEN
        COVO=CORR(KK)
        CORR(KK)=1.0
    ELSE IF (KK.GT.1) THEN
        CORR(KK)=CORR(KK)/COVO
    END IF
    IF (CORR(KK).LE.0.0) THEN
        MAXLAG=K
        CORR(KK)=0.0
    END IF
    ELSE
        CORR(KK)=0.0
    END IF
2     CONTINUE
END IF

```

```

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,205) COVO
  FORMAT (1,2X,'COVO = ',F12.5)
  WRITE (2,201) JJ,KK,CORR(KK)
  FORMAT (2X,'JJ,KK,CORR = ',2I5,F12.5)
END IF
2  CONTINUE

C      ***** LOAD UPPER LEFT MAXX BY MAXX PART OF CORMAT ***
C      PRINT*, 'SET UP CORRELATION MATRIX'
IF (MAXLAG.GT.2) THEN
  MAXX=MAXLAG
ELSE
  MAXX=2
END IF
MLAG(JJ)=MAXX
DO 6 L=1,MAXX
  DO 7 LL=1,MAXX
    LAG=IABS(L-LL)
    K=LAG+1
    CORMAT(L,LL)=CORR(K)
  7  CONTINUE
  6  CONTINUE

C      ***** IF IFLAG = 1 OR 3, DO POINT KRIGING ***
IF (IFLAG.EQ.1.OR.IFLAG.EQ.3) THEN
  PRINT*, 'PROCEED TO MAKE KRIGED ESTIMATE'

C      ***** FILL IN THE RIGHT AND BOTTOM MARGIN OF CORMAT ***
C      ***** AND THE RIGHT-HAND VECTOR      ***
C      PRINT*, 'PREPARE KRIGING MATRIX'
DO 8 J=JO+M-MAXX,JO+M-1
  L=J-JO-M+MAXX+1
  MAXXP=MAXX+1
  CORMAT(L,MAXXP)=AH+BH*J
  CORMAT(MAXXP,L)=CORMAT(L,MAXXP)
  8  CONTINUE
  CORMAT(MAXXP,MAXXP)=0.0

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,202)
  FORMAT (1,2X,'KRIGING MATRIX:')
  CALL WRMAT(CORMAT,MAXXP,MAXXP,MP1,MP1,INDEX)
  WRITE (2,'(//)')
END IF

C      ***** COMPUTE THE GENERALIZED INVERSE OF AUGMENTED ***
C      ***** CORMAT      ***
&  CALL EGINV2(CORMAT,BI,FRAC,MAXXP,MP1,MVMAX,NMAX2,
  EIVEC,A,QA,IQA,IQB,IQT,M05)

C      ***** COMPUTE KRIGING PREDICTIONS FOR NPF FUTURE STEPS ***
C      PRINT*, 'COMPUTING KRIGING COEFFICIENTS'

C      ***** SET FLAG FOR STOPPING ***
ISTOP1=1
DO 30 JPF=1,NPF

C      ***** CREATE CO VECTOR ***
DO 31 L=1,MAXX

```

```

      CO(L) = CORR(MAXX-L + 1 + JPF)
31    CONTINUE
      AVP = AH + BH*(JO + M + JPF-1)
      CO(MAXXP) = AVP

      IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
        WRITE (2,134)
          FORMAT (1,2X,'CO VECTOR:')
        DO 32 L=1,MAXXP
          WRITE (2,206) L,CO(L)
        206    FORMAT (2X,'L,CO = ',15,F12.5)
        32    CONTINUE
      END IF

C      ***** MULTIPLY BI*CO TO GET KRIGING COEF. ***
C      IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
        WRITE (2,136)
          FORMAT (1,2X,'CK VECTOR:')
      136    END IF
      DO 9 L=1,MAXXP
        SUM=0.0
        DO 10 LL=1,MAXXP
          SUM=SUM+BI(L,LL)*CO(LL)
        10    CONTINUE
        CK(L)=SUM

        IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
          WRITE (2,204) L,CK(L)
        204    FORMAT (2X,'L,CK = ',15,F12.5)
        END IF

      9    CONTINUE

C      ***** COMPUTE ESTIMATE, VPK, AND ERROR, ERK ***
C      PRINT*, 'CALCULATING KRIGED ESTIMATE'
      SUM=0.0
      SUMM=0.0
      DO 11 L=1,MAXX
        SUM=SUM+CK(L)*CO(L)*COV0
        J=JO + M-MAXX + L-1
        SUMM=SUMM+CK(L)*V(J)
      11    CONTINUE
      ERR0=COV0-CK(MAXXP)*COV0*AVP-SUM
      ERK(JJ,JPF)=SQRT(ABS(ERR0))
      JTS(JJ,JPF)=JO + M + JPF-1
      VPK(JJ,JPF)=SUMM

C      ***** IF VPK LESS THAN THOLD, SET ISTOP1 = 0 ***
      IF (SUMM.LT.THOLD) ISTOP1=0

      30    CONTINUE

C      ***** STOP IF ALL VPK.GE.THOLD ***
      IF (ISTOP1.EQ.1) THEN
        C      STOP
        WRITE (4,153) JJJ
        153    FORMAT (2X,'KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT ',I6)
        PRINT*, 'KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT ',JJJ

      END IF

      END IF

```

```

C ***** IF IFLAG = 2 OR 3, DO AUTOREGRESSIVE ESTIMATE ***
C   IF (IFLAG.EQ.2.OR.IFLAG.EQ.3) THEN
C     PRINT*, 'PROCEED WITH AUTOREGRESSIVE ESTIMATES'

C ***** COMPUTE THE GENERALIZED INVERSE OF ***
C ***** NON-AUGMENTED CORMAT    ***
C   PRINT*, 'INVERT MATRIX IN YULE-WALKER EQUATIONS'
CALL EGINV2(CORMAT,BI,FRAC,MAXX,MP1,MVMAX,NMAX2,
& EVEC,A,QA,IQA,IQB,IQT,M05)

C ***** SET UP RIGHT SIDE OF YULE-WALKER EQUATION ***
DO 33 L=1,MAXX
  CO(L)=CORR(MAXX-L+2)
33  CONTINUE
C ***** MULTIPLY BI*CO ***
C   PRINT*, 'COMPUTING AUTOREGRESSIVE COEFFICIENTS'

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,137)
  FORMAT (1,2X,'CR VECTOR:')
END IF

SUMCR=0.0
DO 12 L=1,MAXX
  SUM=0.0
  DO 13 LL=1,MAXX
    SUM=SUM+BI(L,LL)*CO(LL)
13  CONTINUE
  CR(L)=SUM
  SUMCR=SUMCR+CR(L)

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,208) L,CR(L)
208  FORMAT (2X,'L,CR = ',1S,F12.5)
END IF

12  CONTINUE

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,209) SUMCR
209  FORMAT (1,2X,'SUM AR COEF = ',F12.5,1)
END IF

C ***** ESTIMATE VALUE AND ERROR FOR AR EST. ***
C ***** COMPUTE ESTIMATE, VPA, AND ERROR, ERA ***
C   PRINT*, 'CALCULATING AUTOREGRESSIVE ESTIMATES'

C ***** CHANGE CORRELATION MATRIX TO COVARIANCE MATRIX ***
DO 50 L=1,MAXX
  DO 51 LL=1,MAXX
    CORMAT(L,LL)=CORMAT(L,LL)*COVO
51  CONTINUE
50  CONTINUE

IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
  WRITE (2,212)
212  FORMAT (1,2X,'INITIAL COV MATRIX:')
  CALL WRMAT(CORMAT,MAXX,MAXX,MP1,MP1,INDEX)
  WRITE (2,'(1/1)')
END IF

```

```

C      ***** SET FLAG FOR STOPPING ***
ISTOP2=1
DO 40 JPF=1,NPF
  SUMV=0.0
  DO 41 L=2,MAXX
    CCC=CR(1)*CORMAT(L,1)
    CORMAT(L,MAXXP)=CCC
    CORMAT(MAXXP,L)=2.0*CCC
    SUM=0.0
    DO 42 LL=2,MAXX
      SUM=SUM+CORMAT(L,LL)*CR(LL)
      CONTINUE
    CORMAT(L,MAXXP)=CORMAT(L,MAXXP)+SUM
    CORMAT(MAXXP,L)=CORMAT(MAXXP,L)+SUM
  41  CONTINUE
  SUM=0.0
  DO 43 L=2,MAXX
    SUM=SUM+CR(L)*CORMAT(MAXXP,L)
  43  CONTINUE
  CORMAT(MAXXP,MAXXP)=SUM
  DO 44 L=2,MAXX
    DO 45 LL=2,MAXX
      CORMAT(L-1,LL-1)=CORMAT(L,LL)
    45  CONTINUE
  44  CONTINUE
  DO 46 L=2,MAXX
    CORMAT(L-1,MAXXP-1)=CORMAT(L,MAXXP)
    CORMAT(MAXXP-1,L-1)=CORMAT(L,MAXXP)
  46  CONTINUE
  CORMAT(MAXX,MAXX)=CORMAT(MAXXP,MAXXP)

  IF (IDOC.NE.0.AND.JJ.EQ.JEXAM) THEN
    WRITE (2,213)
  213  FORMAT (//,2X,'NEXT COV MATRIX:')
    CALL WRMAT(CORMAT,MAXX,MAXX,MP1,MP1,INDEX)
    WRITE (2,'//')
  END IF

  AVP=AH+BH*(JO+M+JPF-1)
  DO 47 L=1,MAXX
    JV=JO+M+JPF-MAXX+L-2
    AVV=AH+BH*JV
    IF (JV.LT.JO+M) THEN
      WW=V(JV)-AVV
    ELSE
      WW=VPA(JJ,JPF-MAXX+L-1)-AVV
    END IF
    SUMV=SUMV+CR(L)*WW
  47  CONTINUE
  VPA(JJ,JPF)=SUMV+AVP
  JTS(JJ,JPF)=JO+M+JPF-1
  ERR=CORMAT(MAXX,MAXX)
  ERA(JJ,JPF)=SQRT(ABS(ERR))

C      ***** IF VPA LESS THAN THOLD, SET ISTOP2=0 ***
  40  IF (VPA(JJ,JPF).LT.THOLD) ISTOP2=0
  CONTINUE

C      ***** STOP IF ALL VPA.GE.THOLD ***
  C      IF (ISTOP2.EQ.1) THEN
  C        STOP
  WRITE (4,154) JJJ

```

```

154      FORMAT (2X,'AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT ',I6)
         PRINT*, 'AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT ',JJJ
         END IF

         END IF
         END IF

1 CONTINUE

IF (IBYPASS.EQ.0) THEN

C      ***** PRINT PREDICTIONS ***
C      PRINT*, 'PRINT PREDICTIONS'
DO 17 JJ=1,NPTS
   JJJ=JB+M+JJ-2
   WRITE (2,130) JJJ,MLAG(JJJ)
130      FORMAT (1,I1X,'LAST TIME STEP USED FOR PREDICTION = ',I5,
&      5X,'MAXLAG = ',I5,I)

C      ***** WRITE TIME SERIES PRECEEDING PREDICTIONS ***
JEND=JB+M+JJ-2
JSTART=JEND-MLAG(JJJ)+1
WRITE (2,131)
131      FORMAT (1,I2X,'DATA PRECEEDING FIRST PREDICTION:')
DO 18 J=JSTART,JEND
   WRITE (2,113) J,V(J)
113      FORMAT (2X,I5,F10.3)
18      CONTINUE
   WRITE (2,'(1X)')

C      ***** WRITE PREDICTIONS ***
WRITE (2,120)
120      FORMAT (2X,' J',9X,'V',7X,'VPK',7X,'ERK',7X,'VPA',
&      7X,'ERA')
DO 48 JPFF=1,NPF
   WRITE (2,112) JTS(JJ,JPFF),V(JTS(JJ,JPFF)),VPK(JJ,JPFF),
&      ERK(JJ,JPFF),VPA(JJ,JPFF),ERA(JJ,JPFF)
112      FORMAT (2X,I5,5F10.3)
48      CONTINUE
17      CONTINUE
END IF

STOP
END

C
C      SUBROUTINE EGINV2(B,BI,FRAC,N,NMAX,MVMAX,NMAX2,EIVEC,A,
&QA,IQA,IQB,IQT,NM05)
C *****
C      COMPUTE GENERALIZED INVERSE FOR A SQUARE, SYMMETRIC
C      MATRIX, WITH EIGENVECTOR METHODS.
C
C      B = N BY N INPUT MATRIX
C      BI = INVERSE OF B
C      FRAC = VALUE OF EIGENVALUE CUTOFF. NEGLIGIBLE EIGENVALUES
C            SUMMING TO A VALUE LESS THAN TRACE*FRAC ARE IGNORED.
C            (EIGENVALUES ARE ELIMINATED IN ASCENDING ORDER OF
C            ABSOLUTE VALUES.)
C      NMAX = INTEGER > = N, FOR DIMENSIONING
C      MVMAX = NMAX*(NMAX + 1)/2
C      NMAX2 = NMAX*NMAX

```

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C EIVEC = NMAX2-COMPONENT WORK VECTOR
C A = MVMAX-COMPONENT WORK VECTOR
C
C WRITTEN BY LEON BORGMAN, UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING
C *****

DIMENSION B(NMAX,NMAX),BI(NMAX,NMAX)
DIMENSION A(MVMAX),Eivec(NMAX2)
DIMENSION IQB(NM05),IQT(NM05),IQA(NMAX),QA(NMAX)

C ***** SET IC=0 TO SIGNAL SUBR EIG TO COMPUTE BOTH ***
C ***** EIGENVALUES ANDS EIGENVECTORS ***
IC=0
C ***** CREATE A VECTOR FOR SUBR. EIG AND COMPUTE TRACE ***
TRACE=0.0
L=0
DO 1 J=1,N
  DO 2 I=1,J
    L=L+1
    A(L)=B(I,J)
    IF (I.EQ.J) TRACE=TRACE+B(I,J)
2 CONTINUE
1 CONTINUE
CUT=TRACE*FRAC

C ***** COMPUTE EIGENVECTORS AND EIGENVALUES ***
CALL EIG(A,Eivec,N,IC,MVMAX,NMAX2)

C ***** LOAD ABSOLUTE VALUE OF EIGENVALUES FOR SORT ***
L=0
DO 8 J=1,N
  DO 9 I=1,J
    L=L+1
    IF (I.EQ.J) THEN
      QA(I)=ABS(A(L))
      IQA(I)=I
    END IF
9 CONTINUE
8 CONTINUE

CALL FQSORT(QA,IQA,N,NM05,IQB,IQT,NI)

C ***** ZERO BI ***
DO 3 I=1,N
  DO 4 J=1,N
    BI(I,J)=0.0
4 CONTINUE
3 CONTINUE

C ***** COMPUTE V*(L INVERSE)*(V TRANSPOSE), STORE IN BI ***
ESUM=0.0
DO 5 KK=1,N
C ***** COMPUTE WHERE THE K-TH EIGENVALUE IS IN A ***
K=IQA(KK)
L=K*(K+1)/2
ESUM=ESUM+QA(KK)
IF (ESUM.GT.CUT) THEN
C ***** IF K-TH CUM. SUM EXCEEDS FRAC*TRACE, ADD DYADIC ***
C ***** INTO BI
  DO 6 I=1,N
    C ***** COMPUTE WHERE THE I-TH COMPONENT OF THE ***
    C ***** K-TH EIGENVECTOR IS IN EIVEC

```

```

IK = (K-1)*N + I
DO 7 J = 1,N
      ***** COMPUTE WHERE THE J-TH COMPONENT OF THE ***
      ***** K-TH EIGENVECTOR IS IN EIVEC      ***
JK = (K-1)*N + J
      ***** SUM INTO BI ***
      BI(I,J) = BI(I,J) + EIVEC(IK)*EIVEC(JK)/A(L)
7   CONTINUE
6   CONTINUE
END IF
5 CONTINUE

RETURN
END

C
C SUBROUTINE EIG(A,EIVEC,N,IC,MVMAX,NMAX2)
C *****
C COMPUTE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS OF A REAL SYMMETRIC
C MATRIX
C A = ORIGINAL MATRIX (OF ORDER N) IS DESTROYED IN COMPUTATION.
C THE ELEMENTS OF A ARE ORDERED INTO A VECTOR OF UPPER
C TRIANGULAR ELEMENTS AS SHOWN IN THE SEQUENCING PATTERN
C
C      1 2 4 7 11 16    THE EIGENVALUES ARE CONTAINED
C      3 5 8 12 17    IN THE POSITIONS OF THE DESTROYED
C      6 9 13 18 ETC. MATRIX A CORRESPONDING TO THE
C      10 14 19    MAIN DIAGONAL. THAT IS: 1,3,6,10,
C      15 20    15,21, ETC.
C      21
C      THE J-TH EIGENVALUE IS IN POSITION J*(J+1)/2
C
C EIVEC = MATRIX OF EIGENVECTORS ,STORED IN A SINGLE VECTOR,
C ONE AFTER THE OTHER, IN SAME SEQUENCE AS EIGENVALUES.
C THE J-TH EIGENVECTOR WOULD OCCUPY THE SEQUENCE
C OF COMPONENTS OF EIVEC, STARTING AT COMPONENT
C (J-1)*N + 1 AND ENDING AT COMPONENT J*N
C N = ORDER OF MATRICES A AND EIVEC
C NMAX = MAXIMUM SIZE OF N, FOR DIMENSIONING ONLY. (NOTE: NMAX
C IS NOT REQUIRED AS INPUT, BUT DETERMINES MVMAX
C AND NMAX2.)
C MV = THE DIMENSION OF THE VECTOR A, = N*(N+1)/2
C MVMAX = MAXIMUM SIZE OF MV, FOR DIMENSIONING ONLY
C      = NMAX*(NMAX+1)/2
C NMAX2 = THE DIMENSION OF THE VECTOR EIVEC, = NMAX**2
C IC = 0 COMPUTE EIGENVALUES AND EIGENVECTORS
C IC = 1 COMPUTE EIGENVALUES ONLY (EIVEC NEED NOT BE
C DIMENSIONED BUT MUST STILL APPEAR IN CALLING
C SEQUENCE)
C
C      DIAGONALIZATION METHOD FROM 'MATHEMATICAL
C      METHODS FOR DIGITAL COMPUTERS', EDITED BY A. RALSTON AND
C      H.S. WILF, JOHN WILEY AND SONS, NEW YORK, 1962, CHAPTER 7
C
C      FOR A DOUBLE PRECISION VERSION, REMOVE THE LEADING 'C'
C      FRO' THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:
C      DOUBLE PRECISION A,EIVEC,ANORM,ANRMX,THR,X,Y,SINX,SINX2,COSX,
C      &      COSX2,SINCS,CONST
C      ALSO CHANGE: SQRT TO DSQRT, ABS TO DABS, AND CONST IN
C      FIRST STATEMENT BELOW TO 1.0D-12
C *****
DIMENSION A(MVMAX),EIVEC(NMAX2)

```

```

CONST = 1.0E-6
IF (IC.NE.1) THEN
  IQ = -N
  DO 20 J = 1,N
    IQ = IQ + N
    DO 20 I = 1,N
      LJ = IQ + I
      EVEC(LJ) = 0.0
      IF (I.EQ.J) THEN
        EVEC(IJ) = 1.0
      END IF
20  CONTINUE
END IF
ANORM = 0.0
DO 35 I = 1,N
DO 35 J = I,N
  IF (I.NE.J) THEN
    IA = I + (J * J - J) / 2
    ANORM = ANORM + A(IA) * A(IA)
  END IF
35  CONTINUE
IF (ANORM.GT.0.0) THEN
  ANORM = 1.414 * SQRT(ANORM)
  ANRMX = ANORM * CONST/N
  IND = 0
  THR = ANORM
45  THR = THR/FLOAT(N)
50  L = 1
55  M = L + 1
60  MQ = (M * M - M) / 2
  LQ = (L * L - L) / 2
  LM = L + MQ
  IF (ABS(A(LM)).GE.THR) THEN
    IND = 1
    LL = L + LQ
    MM = M + MQ
    X = 0.5 * (A(LL) - A(MM))
    Y = -A(LM) / SQRT(A(LM) * A(LM) + X * X)
    IF (X.LT.0.0) THEN
      Y = -Y
    END IF
    SINX = Y / SQRT(2.0 * (1.0 + (SQRT(1.0 - Y * Y))))
    SINX2 = SINX * SINX
    COSX = SQRT(1.0 - SINX2)
    COSX2 = COSX * COSX
    SINCS = SINX * COSX
    ILQ = N * (L - 1)
    IMQ = N * (M - 1)
    DO 125 I = 1,N
      IQ = (I * I) / 2
      IF (I.NE.L) THEN
        IF (I.NE.M) THEN
          IF (I.LT.M) THEN
            IM = I + MQ
          ELSE IF (I.GT.M) THEN
            IM = M + IQ
          END IF
          IF (I.LT.L) THEN
            IL = I + LQ
          ELSE
            IL = L + IQ
          END IF
          X = A(IL) * COSX - A(IM) * SINX
        END IF
      END IF
125 CONTINUE
  END IF
  END IF
END IF

```

```

        A(IL) = X
    END IF
END IF
IF (IC.NE.1) THEN
    ILR = IQ + I
    IMR = IMQ + I
    X = EIVEC(ILR)*COSX - EIVEC(IMR)*SINX
    EIVEC(IMR) = EIVEC(ILR)*SINX + EIVEC(IMR)*COSX
    EIVEC(ILR) = X
END IF
125    CONTINUE
X = 2.0 * A(LM) * SINCS
Y = A(LL) * COSX2 + A(MM) * SINX2 - X
X = A(LL) * SINX2 + A(MM) * COSX2 + X
A(LM) = (A(LL) - A(MM)) * SINCS + A(LM) * (COSX2 - SINX2)
A(LL) = Y
A(MM) = X
END IF
IF (M.NE.N) THEN
    M = M + 1
    GO TO 60
ELSE
    IF (L.NE.N-1) THEN
        L = L + 1
        GO TO 55
    ELSE
        IF (IND.EQ.1) THEN
            IND = 0
            GO TO 50
        ELSE
            IF (THR.GT.ANRMX) GO TO 45
        END IF
    END IF
    END IF
    END IF
    IQ = -N
DO 185 I = 1, N
    IQ = IQ + N
    LL = I + (I * H) / 2
    JQ = N * (I - 2)
DO 185 J = I, N
    JQ = JQ + N
    MM = J + (J * J - J) / 2
    IF (A(LL).LT.A(MM)) THEN
        X = A(LL)
        A(LL) = A(MM)
        A(MM) = X
    IF (IC.NE.1) THEN
        DO 180 K = 1, N
            ILR = IQ + K
            IMR = JQ + K
            X = EIVEC(ILR)
            EIVEC(ILR) = EIVEC(IMR)
            EIVEC(IMR) = X
    180    CONTINUE
    END IF
    END IF
185 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
C
SUBROUTINE WRMAT(A,M,N,MMAX,NMAX,INDEX)

```

```

C PRINT A MXN MATRIX WITH COLUMN AND ROW NUMBERING
C A=MATRIX, WITH 10 COLUMNS
C
C INDEX = N-DIMENSIONAL WORK VECTOR
C THE MATRIX A IS DIMENSIONED IN MAIN PROGRAM
C AS A MMAX BY NMAX MATRIX
C (M.LE.MMAX, N.LE.NMAX)
C
C WRITTEN BY LEON BORGMAN, UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING
C *****
C DIMENSION A(MMAX,NMAX),INDEX(NMAX)
1 FORMAT (1X,I13,9I12)
2 FORMAT (1X,I5,10F12.5)
9 FORMAT (1X)
NR=N+10
ICB=-9
DO 3 K=1,N
INDEX(K)=K
3 CONTINUE
4 NR=NR-10
ICB=ICB+10
IF (NR.LE.10) THEN
ICE=ICB+NR-1
ELSE
ICE=ICB+9
END IF
WRITE (2,9)
WRITE (2,1) (INDEX(K),K=ICB,ICE)
DO 8 IR=1,M
WRITE (2,2) IR,(A(IR,IC),IC=ICB,ICE)
8 CONTINUE
IF (NR.GT.10) GO TO 4
RETURN
END
C
C SUBROUTINE FSORT(A,IA,N,N05,IB,IT,NI)
C *****
C SUBROUTINE SORTS THE COMPONENTS OF THE REAL VECTOR A(J),
C 1.LE.J.LE.N, IN ORDER OF INCREASING SIZE.
C
C A(N) IS THE VECTOR TO BE SORTED, IA IS A VECTOR OF INTEGERS
C CO-SORTED WITH A(N).
C B(5) IS A WORK ARRAY.
C IB(N/5) AND IT(N/5) ARE INTEGER WORK VECTORS OF DIMENSION
C AT LEAST N/5
C NI IS A WORK INTEGER
C
C PROGRAM WRITTEN BY L. E. BORGMAN, LARAMIE, WYOMING
C
C THE SUBROUTINE USES SUBSIDIARY SUBROUTINES: FMID, FRANK,
C FSWAP, AND FSORT.
C *****
C
C DIMENSION IB(N05),IT(N05),IA(N),A(N),B(5)
IB(1)=1
IT(1)=N
NI=1
10 IF(NI.EQ.0) RETURN
CALL FSORT(N,N05,A,IA,B,IB,IT,NI)
GO TO 10
END
C
C SUBROUTINE FSWAP(A,B,IA,IB)
C *****

```

```

C *****
T=A
A=B
B=T
I=IA
IA=IB
IB=I
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FRANK(N,NS,NT,A,IA)
C *****
C SUBSIDIARY SUBR TO SUBR FOSORT
C *****
DIMENSION IA(N),A(N)
NTOT = NT-NS + 1
IF (NTOT.EQ.1) RETURN
NTM = NT-1
DO 10 I=NS,NTM
IP = I+1
DO 10 J=IP,NT
IF (A(I).GT.A(J)) CALL FSWAP(A(I),A(J),IA(I),IA(J))
10 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FMID(N,NS,NT,A,B,IA)
C *****
C SUBSIDIARY SUBR TO FQSORT
C *****
DIMENSION A(N),B(5),IA(N)
I1 = NS
I5 = NT
I2 = I1 + (NT-NS)/4
I3 = I1 + (NT-NS)/2
I4 = I1 + (3*(NT-NS))/4
B(1) = A(I1)
B(2) = A(I2)
B(3) = A(I3)
B(4) = A(I4)
B(5) = A(I5)
DO 1 J=1,4
JP = J+1
DO 1 JJ=JP,5
IF (B(J).LE.B(JJ)) GO TO 1
Z = B(JJ)
B(JJ) = B(J)
B(J) = Z
1 CONTINUE
AA = A(I1)
II = IA(I1)
BB = B(3)
IF(BB.EQ.A(I2)) CALL FSWAP(AA,A(I2),II,IA(I2))
IF(BB.EQ.A(I3)) CALL FSWAP(AA,A(I3),II,IA(I3))
IF(BB.EQ.A(I4)) CALL FSWAP(AA,A(I4),II,IA(I4))
IF(BB.EQ.A(I5)) CALL FSWAP(AA,A(I5),II,IA(I5))
A(I1) = AA
IA(I1) = II
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FSORT(N,NO5,A,IA,B,IB,IT,NI)
C *****

```

```

C ****
DIMENSION IB(N05),IT(N05),IA(N),A(N),B(5)
NS = IB(1)
NT = IT(1)
NTOT = NT-NS + 1
IF(NTOT.GE.10) GO TO 10
CALL FRANK(N,NS,NT,A,IA)
NI = NI-1
IF(NI.GE.1) GO TO 17
IB(1) = 0
IT(1) = 0
RETURN
17 DO 18 JK = 1,NI
JP = JK + 1
IB(JK) = IB(JP)
IT(JK) = IT(JP)
18 CONTINUE
IB(JP) = 0
IT(JP) = 0
RETURN
10 CONTINUE
CALL FMIID(N,NS,NT,A,B,IA)
JS = NS
JE = NT
JM = NS
IGO = 1
11 CONTINUE
IF(IGO) 13,12,12
12 CONTINUE
IF(A(JE).GE.A(JM).AND.JE.GT.JM) JE = JE-1
IF(A(JE).GE.A(JM).AND.JE.GT.JM) GO TO 12
IF(JE.LE.JM) GO TO 14
CALL FSWAP(A(JE),A(JM),IA(JE),IA(JM))
JM = JE
14 IGO = -1
GO TO 15
13 CONTINUE
IF(A(JS).LE.A(JM).AND.JS.LT.JM) JS = JS + 1
IF(A(JS).LE.A(JM).AND.JS.LT.JM) GO TO 13
IF (JS.GE.JM) GO TO 16
CALL FSWAP(A(JS),A(JM),IA(JS),IA(JM))
JM = JS
16 IGO = 1
15 IF(JE.GT.JS) GO TO 11
NI = NI-1
IBOT = JM-NS
IUP = NT-JM
IF(IBOT.EQ.0.OR.IUP.EQ.0) GO TO 19
DO 20 JK = 1,NI
J = NI-JK + 2
JJ = J + 1
IB(JJ) = IB(J)
IT(JJ) = IT(J)
20 CONTINUE
IB(1) = NS
IT(1) = JM-1
IB(2) = JM + 1
IT(2) = NT
NI = NI + 2
RETURN
19 NI = NI + 1
IF(IUP.EQ.0) GO TO 21
IB(1) = JM + 1

```

```

      RETURN
21 IB(1)=NS
IT(1)=JM-1
RETURN
END
C
      SUBROUTINE LOPASS(LPSTEP,FLPASS,WIDTH,TIMSER,WRKVEC,DT,FFRAC)
C ****
C   LOW PASS FILTER (TIMSER(J);J = 1,LPSTEP) TO PASS CONTENT AT
C   FREQUENCIES LESS THAN FLPASS AND ELIMINATE SIGNAL AT
C   FREQUENCIES GREATER THAN FLPASS + WIDTH
C
C   LPSTEP = NUMBER OF TIME STEPS, ASSUMED TO BE FACTORABLE
C           INTO A PRODUCT OF POWERS OF 2, 3, AND 5.
C   DT = TIME INCREMENT
C   FLPASS = FREQUENCY (HERTZ) AT WHICH LOWER FREQUENCIES ARE
C           PASSED WITH DISTORTION LESS THAN FFRAC.
C   WIDTH = WIDTH OF TRANSITION ZONE FOR FILTER, IN HERTZ, FROM
C           FLPASS TO A HIGHER FREQUENCY WHERE THE SIGNAL IS
C           ELIMINATED WITH REMAINDER LESS THAT FFRAC.
C
C   SUBROUTINE USES A GAUSSIAN SHAPE
C
C   WRITTEN BY LEON BORGMAN, UNIVERSITY OF WYOMING
C ****
      DIMENSION TIMSER(LPSTEP),WRKVEC(LPSTEP)

C   *** COMPUTE PRELIMINARY CONSTANTS ***
DF=1.0/(LPSTEP*DT)
FMP=FLPASS+WIDTH/2.0
XLO2=LPSTEP/2.0
U=1.0-FFRAC
CALL RNORM(U,CUTOFF)
SIG=WIDTH/(2.0*CUTOFF)
C   *** FFT THE TIME SERIES ***
CALL FT235(LPSTEP,-1.0,0,TIMSER,WRKVEC)

C   *** FILTER THE FREQUENCY SEQUENCE ***
DO 1 J=1,LPSTEP
JM=J-1
XJM=JM
IF (XJM.LT.XLO2) THEN
C     *** NOTE: F = ABSOLUTE VALUE OF FREQUENCY ***
F=JM*DF
ELSE
F=(LPSTEP-JM)*DF
END IF
IF (F.LE.FLPASS) THEN
WGT=1.0
ELSE IF (F.GT.FLPASS + WIDTH) THEN
WGT=0.0
ELSE
Z=(F-FMP)/SIG
CALL DFNORM (Z,WGT)
END IF
TIMSER(J)=WGT*TIMSER(J)
WRKVEC(J)=WGT*WRKVEC(J)
1 CONTINUE

C   *** INVERSE FFT THE FREQUENCY SEQUENCE ***
CALL FT235(LPSTEP,1.0,0,TIMSER,WRKVEC)

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DO 2 J=1,LPSTEP
  TIMSER(J) = TIMSER(J)/LPSTEP
2 CONTINUE

C ***** TIMSER(J) NOW CONTAINS THE FILTERED RESULT ***
RETURN
END

C
SUBROUTINE FT235(N,SGN,LIST,XR,XI)
DIMENSION XR(1),XI(1)
C ****
C (XR(J),J=1,N)=REAL PART OF SEQUENCE TO BE FOURIER TRANSFORMED.
C (XI(J),J=1,N)=IMAG. PART OF SEQUENCE TO BE FOURIER TRANSFORMED.
C THE DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS OF THE FORM:
C   A(M)=SUM FOR J=1 TO N OF
C     (XR+I*XI)*EXP(I*2*PI*SGN*(M-1)*(J-1)/N),
C     FOR 1.LE.M.LE.N
C THUS, SGN DEFINES THE SIGN OF THE EXPONENT, AND IS EITHER 1.0
C     OR -1.0.
C A TABLE OF TRIGONOMETRIC AND BIT REVERSAL FUNCTIONS ARE
C USED IN THE FFT. IF LIST=0, THE TABLE IS COMPUTED. IF
C LIST=1, THE TABLE IS NOT COMPUTED AND IS PRESUMED TO BE
C PRESENT FROM EARLIER CALLS TO THE SUBROUTINE.
C CONSEQUENTLY, LIST=0 ON FIRST CALL TO SUBR.
C LIST=1 FOR SUBSEQUENT CALLS AT SAME N VALUE.
C
C PARAMETER VALUES:
C MAXN=LARGEST VALUE TO BE USED FOR N (LENGTH OF SEQUENCE)
C MAXN2=LARGEST POWER OF 2 LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO M..XN
C MAXN3=LARGEST POWER OF 3 LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO MAXN
C MAXN5=LARGEST POWER OF 5 LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO MAXN
C MAXNO2=MAXN2/2
C MAXNO3=MAXN3/3
C MAXNO5=MAXN5/5
C
C COMMON BLOCK *****
PARAMETER (MAXN=3000,MAXN2=2048,MAXN3=2187,MAXN5=625)
PARAMETER (MAXNO2=1024,MAXNO3=729,MAXNO5=125)
C *****
DIMENSION W(MAXN),WR(MAXN2),WI(MAXN2),WRD(MAXN3),WD(MAXN3)
DIMENSION WRT(MAXN5),WIT(MAXN5)
DIMENSION IRB(MAXNO2),CO(MAXNO2),SI(MAXNO2)
DIMENSION IRBD(MAXNO3),COD(MAXNO3),SID(MAXNO3)
DIMENSION IRBT(MAXNO5),COT(MAXNO5),SIT(MAXNO5)
DIMENSION CO1(MAXNO5),SI1(MAXNO5),CO2(MAXNO5),SI2(MAXNO5)
DIMENSION CO3(MAXNO5),SI3(MAXNO5)
COMMON /FFT/W,WR,WI,WRD,WD,WRT,WIT,IRB,CO,SI,IRBD,COD,SID
COMMON /FFT/IRBT,COT,SIT,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3
C *****
C PARAMETER (MAXN=5000,MAXN2=4096,MAXN3=2187,MAXN5=3125)
C PARAMETER (MAXNO2=2048,MAXNO3=729,MAXNO5=625)
C NOTE: THE ABOVE COMMON BLOCK PARAMETERS WOULD ALLOW THE USE OF
C ANY N.LE.5000 OF THE FORM N=(2**K)*(3**L)*(5**M) FOR
C INTEGER K, L, AND M WITHOUT CHANGING DIMENSIONS.
C THE CHOICES OF N WHICH MATCH THESE REQUIREMENTS ARE:
C   2   3   4   5   6   8   9   10
C   12  15  16  18  20  24  25  27
C   30  32  36  40  45  48  50  54
C   60  64  72  75  80  81  90  96
C  100 108 120 125 128 135 144 150
C  160 162 180 192 200 216 225 240
C  243 250 256 270 288 300 320 324

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C   486  500  512  540  576  600  625  640
C   648  675  720  729  750  768  800  810
C   864  900  960  972  1000  1024  1080  1125
C   1152  1200  1215  1250  1280  1296  1350  1440
C   1458  1500  1536  1600  1620  1728  1800  1875
C   1920  1944  2000  2025  2048  2160  2187  2250
C   2304  2400  2430  2500  2560  2592  2700  2880
C   2916  3000  3072  3125  3200  3240  3375  3456
C   3600  3645  3750  3840  3888  4000  4050  4096
C   4320  4374  4500  4608  4800  4860  5000
C   HOWEVER, FOR A FIXED N, LESS COMPUTER STORAGE CAN BE
C   REQUIRED IF THE FOLLOWING "EXACT" DIMENSIONING IS
C   INTRODUCED:
C       N2 = 2**K
C       N3 = 3**L
C       N5 = 5**M
C       NO2 = N2/2
C       NO3 = N3/3
C       NO5 = N5/5
C   DIMENSION W(N),WR(N2),WI(N2),WRD(N3),WID(N3),WRT(N5),
C       WIT(N5),IRB(NO2),CO(NO2),SI(NO2),IRBD(NO3),COD(NO3),
C       SID(NO3),IRBT(NO5),COT(NO5),SIT(NO5),CO1(NO5),
C       SI1(NO5),CO2(NO5),SI2(NO5),CO3(NO5),SI3(NO5)
C   THE MAXIMAL DIMENSIONING WAS TAKEN FROM THE LARGEST
C   POWER OF 2, OF 3, AND OF 5 WHICH IS LESS THAN 5000.
C
C   PROGRAMS WRITTEN BY A. YFANTIS, UNIV. NEVADA, LAS VEGAS,
C       AND LEON BORGMAN, UNIV. WYOMING, LARAMIE, WYO.
C
C ****
NN=N
K=0
1 ND=NN-(NN/2)*2
IF (ND.NE.0) GO TO 2
K=K+1
NN=NN/2
IF (NN.EQ.1) GO TO 2
GO TO 1
2 L=0
3 ND=NN-(NN/3)*3
IF (ND.NE.0) GO TO 4
L=L+1
NN=NN/3
IF (NN.EQ.1) GO TO 4
GO TO 3
4 M=0
5 ND=NN-(NN/5)*5
IF (ND.NE.0) GO TO 6
M=M+1
NN=NN/5
IF (NN.EQ.1) GO TO 6
GO TO 5
6 CONTINUE
IF (NN.NE.1) THEN
  WRITE (2,100)
100 FORMAT ('WARNING: THE ASSUMPTIONS OF THE SUBR. ARE VIOLATED'/
  &          ' N IS NOT EQUAL TO (2**K)*(3**L)*(5**M)')
  RETURN
ELSE IF (K.NE.0.AND.L.EQ.0.AND.M.EQ.0) THEN
  NO2=N/2
  CALL FFT2(K,N,NO2,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,CO,SI)
ELSE IF (K.EQ.0.AND.L.NE.0.AND.M.EQ.0) THEN
  NO3=N/3

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ELSE IF (K.EQ.0.AND.L.EQ.0.AND.M.NE.0) THEN
  NO5=N/5
  CALL FFT5(M,N,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRBT,COT,SIT,CO1,SI1,
& CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
ELSE IF (K.NE.0.AND.L.NE.0.AND.M.EQ.0) THEN
  N2=2**K
  N3=3**L
  NO2=N2/2
  NO3=N3/3
  CALL FFT23(K,L,N,N2,N3,NO2,NO3,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,IRBD,
& CO,SI,COT,SIT,WR,WI,WRD,WID,W)
ELSE IF (K.NE.0.AND.L.EQ.0.AND.M.NE.0) THEN
  N2=2**K
  N5=5**M
  NO2=N2/2
  NO5=N5/5
  CALL FFT25(K,M,N,N2,N5,NO2,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,IRBT,
& CO,SI,COT,SIT,WR,WI,WRT,WIT,W,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
ELSE IF (K.EQ.0.AND.L.NE.0.AND.M.NE.0) THEN
  N3=3**L
  N5=5**M
  NO3=N3/3
  NO5=N5/5
  CALL FFT35(L,M,N,N3,N5,NO3,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRBD,IRBT,
& COD,SI,COT,SIT,WRD,WID,WRT,WIT,W,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
ELSE
  N2=2**K
  N3=3**L
  N5=5**M
  NO2=N2/2
  NO3=N3/3
  NO5=N5/5
  CALL FFT235(K,L,M,N,N2,N3,N5,NO2,NO3,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,
& IRB,IRBD,IRBT,CO,SI,COD,SID,COT,SIT,WR,WI,WRD,WID,WRT,WIT,
& CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3,W)
END IF
RETURN
END

C
C SUBROUTINE FFT2(K,N,NO2,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,CO,SI)
C *****
C N = LENGTH OF DATA SERIES BEING TRANSFORMED.
C K = LOG2(N).
C NO2 = N/2
C SGN = +1 OR -1 ACCORDING AS THE EXPONENT IN THE FFT TRANSFORMATION
C IS POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE.
C IF LIST = 0, THE REVERSED-BIT LIST AND THE ASSOCIATED SINES AND
C COSINES ARE COMPUTED. IF LIST = 1, THE LIST IS NOT COMPUTED.
C INSTEAD, THE LIST COMPUTED ON THE PREVIOUS CALL IS USED.
C XR = REAL PART OF THE INPUT DATA SERIES. INITIALLY AND EQUALS REAL
C PART OF OUTPUT ON RETURN FROM THE SUBR.
C XI = IMAG. PART OF DATA SERIES ON INPUT AND IS IMAG. PART OF OUTPUT
C ON RETURN FROM THE SUBR.
C IRB = NO2-DIMENSIONAL VECTOR OF REVERSED BITS ON OUTPUT.
C CO = NO2-DIMENSIONAL VECTOR OF COSINES ON OUTPUT.
C SI = NO2-DIMENSIONAL VECTOR OF SINES ON OUTPUT.
C *****
C DIMENSION IRB(1),CO(1),SI(1),XR(1),XI(1)
IF (LIST.EQ.1) GO TO 3
C THE REVERSED-BIT LIST AND TRIG. FUNCTIONS ARE GENERATED BY THE
C PROCEDURE GIVED IN TABLE 7-VI.
IRB(1)=0
DO 1 J=1,K

```

```

DO 1 I=1,1D
IRB(I) = IRB(I)*2
IF (J.LT.K) IRB(I+1D) = IRB(I) + 1
1 CONTINUE
FN = N
W = 6.2831853/FN
DO 2 I=1,1D
FIR = IRB(I)/2
A = FIR*W
CO(I) = COS(A)
SI(I) = SIN(A)
2 CONTINUE
3 CONTINUE
C FOR EACH COLUMN OF THE FFT (NC = COLUMN NUMBER), CALCULATE
C NB = NUMBER OF BLOCKS IN THE COLUMN, LB = LENGTH OF BLOCKS, LB2 = HALF
C OF BLOCK LENGTH.
DO 4 NC=1,K
NB = 2** (NC-1)
LB = N/NB
LB2 = LB/2
C THE BLOCKS OF THE COLUMN ARE LOOPED OVER. IS = SEQUENCE NUMBER
C AT THE START OF THE BLOCK, IFF = SEQUENCE NUMBER HALF WAY THROUGH
C BLOCK.
DO 4 IB = 1,NB
C = CO(IB)
S = SGN*SI(IB)
IS = (IB-1)*LB + 1
IFF = (IB-1)*LB + LB2
C THE VALUES IN THE NEXT COLUMN ARE COMPUTED USING THE TRIG.
C FUNCTIONS FROM THE PRE-GENERATED LIST.
DO 4 I=IS,IFF
I2 = I + LB2
QR = XR(I2)*C - XI(I2)*S
QI = XR(I2)*S + XI(I2)*C
XR(I2) = XR(I)-QR
XI(I2) = XI(I)-QI
XR(I) = XR(I) + QR
XI(I) = XI(I) + QI
4 CONTINUE
C THE FFT COEFFICIENTS ARE UNSCRAMBLED INTO NORMAL ORDER.
DO 6 I=1,NO2
DO 6 L=1,2
IR = IRB(I) + L
II = I + (L-1)*NO2
IF (IR.LE.II) GO TO 6
ZR = XR(IR)
ZI = XI(IR)
XR(IR) = XR(II)
XI(IR) = XI(II)
XR(II) = ZR
XI(II) = ZI
6 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
C SUBROUTINE FFT3(K,N,NO3,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,CO,SI)
DIMENSION IRB(1),CO(1),SI(1),XR(1),XI(1)
C *****
C THE INPUT TO THE SUBROUTINE CONSISTS OF THE VARIABLES
C N, K, NO3, SGN, LIST, XR, AND XI. N IS THE NUMBER OF
C MEASUREMENTS WHICH IS OF THE FORM N = 3**K, NO3 IS EQUAL
C TO N/3. SGN IS -1 IN THE CASE OF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM,
C AND +1 IN THE CASE OF THE INVERSE FOURIER TRANSFORM.

```

```

C OF THE INPUT COMPLEX SEQUENCE OF NUMBERS. AFTER THE
C FFT3 IS PERFORMED, XR, XI, ARE THE REAL AND IMAGINARY
C PARTS OF THE TRANSFORMED DATA. IF LIST=0, THE REVERSE-
C DIGIT LIST AND THE ASSOCIATED SINES AND COSINES ARE
C COMPUTED. IF LIST=1 THE LIST IS NOT COMPUTED. INSTEAD
C THE LIST COMPUTED OF THE PREVIOUS CALL IS USED. IRB,
C CO, AND SI, ARE WORK VECTORS.
C ****
T=6.2831853/3.0
T1=2.*T
FN=N
IF(LIST .EQ. 1) GO TO 3
IRB(1)=0
DO 1 J=1,K
ID=3** (J-1)
DO 1 I=1, ID
IRB(I)=IRB(I)*3
IF(J .EQ. K) GO TO 1
IRB(I+ID)=IRB(I)+1
IRB(I+2*ID)=IRB(I)+2
1 CONTINUE
DO 2 I=1, ID
FIR=(IRB(I))/FN
A=FIR*T
CO(I)=COS(A)
SI(I)=SIN(A)
2 CONTINUE
C FOR EACH COLUMN OF THE FFT (NC=COLUMN NUMBER), NB=NUMBER
C OF BLOCKS IN THE COLUMN, LB=LENGTH OF BLOCKS, LB3 = A THIRD
C OF BLOCK LENGTH.
3 C1=COS(T)
S1=SGN*SIN(T)
C2=COS(T1)
S2=SGN*SIN(T1)
DO 4 NC=1,K
NB=3** (NC-1)
LB=N/NB
LB3=LB/3
C THE BLOCKS OF THE COLUMN ARE LOOPED OVER. IS=SEQUENCE NUMBER
C AT THE START OF THE BLOCK, IFF=SEQUENCE NUMBER A THIRD WAY
C THROUGH BLOCK
DO 4 IB=1,NB
C=CO(IB)
S=SGN*SI(IB)
IS=(IB-1)*LB + 1
IFF=(IB-1)*LB + LB3
C THE VALUES IN THE NEXT COLUMN ARE COMPUTED USING THE TRIG.
C FUNCTIONS FROM THE PRE-GENERATED LIST.
DO 4 I=IS,IFF
I2=I+LB3
I3=I+2*LB3
QR1=XR(I2)*C-XI(I2)*S
QI1=XR(I2)*S+XI(I2)*C
QR2=XR(I3)*(C*C-S*S)-2.*XI(I3)*S*C
QI2=(C*C-S*S)*XI(I3)+2.*S*C*XR(I3)
XR(I2)=XR(I1)+C1*QR1-S1*QI1+C2*QR2-S2*QI2
XI(I2)=XI(I1)+S1*QR1+C1*QI1+S2*QR2+C2*QI2
XR(I3)=XR(I1)+C2*QR1-S2*QI1+C1*QR2-S1*QI2
XI(I3)=XI(I1)+S2*QR1+C2*QI1+S1*QR2+C1*QI2
XR(I1)=XR(I1)+QR1+QR2
XI(I1)=XI(I1)+QI1+QI2
4 CONTINUE
C THE FFT COEFFICIENTS ARE INSCRAMBLED INTO NORMAL ORDER

```

```

DO 6 L=1,3
IR = IRB(I) + L
II = I + (L-1)*NO3
IF (IR.LE.II) GO TO 6
ZR = XR(IR)
ZI = XI(IR)
XR(IR) = XR(II)
XI(IR) = XI(II)
XR(II) = ZR
XI(II) = ZI
6 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
C SUBROUTINE FFT5(K,N,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,CO,SI,CO1,SI1,
+ CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
DIMENSION IRB(1),CO(1),SI(1),XR(1),XI(1),CO1(1),
+ SI1(1),SI2(1),CO2(1),CO3(1),SI3(1)
C *****
C THE INPUT TO THE SUBROUTINE CONSISTS OF THE VARIABLES
C N, K, NO5, SGN, LIST, XR, XI. N IS THE NUMBER OF MEAS-
CUREMENTS WHICH IS OF THE FORM N = 5**K, NO5 IS EQUAL TO
C N/5. SGN IS -1 IN THE CASE OF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM,
C AND +1 IN THE CASE OF THE INVERSE FOURIER TRANSFORM.
C XR AND XI ARE THE REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS RESPECTIVELY
C OF THE INPUT COMPLEX SEQUENCE OF NUMBERS. AFTER THE FFT5
C IS PERFORMED XR, XI ARE THE REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF
C THE TRANSFORMED DATA. IF LIST = 0, THE REVERSE-DIGIT LIST
C AND THE ASSOCIATED SINES AND COSINES ARE COMPUTED. IF
C LIST = 1, THE LIST IS NOT COMPUTED. INSTEAD THE LIST COM-
C PUTED ON THE PREVIOUS CALL IS USED. IRB, CO, SI, CO1,
C SI1, CO2, SI2, CO3, AND SI3, ARE WORK VECTORS.
C *****
T = 6.2831853/5.
T1 = 2.*T
T2 = 3.*T
T3 = 4.*T
FN = N
IF(LIST .EQ. 1) GO TO 3
IRB(1) = 0
DO 1 J = 1,K
ID = 5** (J-1)
DO 1 I = 1, ID
IRB(I) = IRB(I)*5
IF(I .EQ. K) GO TO 1
IRB(I + ID) = IRB(I) + 1
IRB(I + 2*ID) = IRB(I) + 2
IRB(I + 3*ID) = IRB(I) + 3
IRB(I + 4*ID) = IRB(I) + 4
1 CONTINUE
DO 2 I = 1, ID
FIR = IRB(I)/FN
A = FIR*T
CO(I) = COS(A)
SI(I) = SIN(A)
A1 = 2.*A
CO1(I) = COS(A1)
SI1(I) = SIN(A1)
A2 = 3.*A
CO2(I) = COS(A2)
SI2(I) = SIN(A2)
A3 = 4.*A
CO3(I) = COS(A3)

```

```

2 CONTINUE
C FOR EACH COLUMN OF THE FFT (NC=COLUMN NUMBER), CALCULATE
C NB=NUMBER OF BLOCKS IN THE COLUMN, LB=LENGTH OF BLOCKS,
C LB5=A FIFTH OF BLOCK LENGTH
3 S1=SGN*SIN(T)
C1=COS(T)
S2=SGN*SIN(T1)
C2=COS(T1)
S3=SGN*SIN(T2)
C3=COS(T2)
S4=SGN*SIN(T3)
C4=COS(T3)
DO 4 NC=1,K
NB=5** (NC-1)
LB=N/NB
LB5=LB/5
C THE BLOCKS OF THE COLUMN ARE LOOPED OVER, IS=SEQUENCE NUMBER
C AT THE START OF THE BLOCK, IFF=SEQUENCE NUMBER A FIFTH WAY
C THROUGH BLOCK.
DO 4 IB=1,NB
IS=(IB-1)*LB+1
IFF=(IB-1)*LB+LB5
C THE VALUES OF THE COLUMN ARE COMPUTED USING THE TRIG. FUNC-
C TIONS FROM THE PRE-GENERATED LIST.
DO 4 I=IS,IFF
SAA=SGN*SII(B)
SA1=SGN*S11(B)
SA2=SGN*S12(B)
SA3=SGN*S13(B)
I2=I+LB5
C THE FFT COEFFICIENTS ARE UNSCRAMBLED INTO NORMAL ORDER
I3=I+2*LB5
I4=I+3*LB5
I5=I+4*LB5
QR1=XR(I2)*CO(IB)-XI(I2)*SAA
QI1=XR(I2)*SAA+XI(I2)*CO(IB)
QR2=XR(I3)*CO1(IB)-XI(I3)*SA1
QI2=XR(I3)*SA1+XI(I3)*CO1(IB)
QR3=XR(I4)*CO2(IB)-XI(I4)*SA2
QI3=XR(I4)*SA2+XI(I4)*CO2(IB)
QR4=XR(I5)*CO3(IB)-XI(I5)*SA3
QI4=XR(I5)*SA3+XI(I5)*CO3(IB)
XR(I2)=XR(I)+QR1*C1-QI1*S1+QR2*C2-QI2*S2+QR3*C3-QI3*S3+QR4*C4-QI4*+S4
XI(I2)=XI(I)+QR1*S1+QI1*C1+QR2*S2+QI2*C2+QR3*S3+QI3*C3+QR4*S4+QI4*+C4
XR(I3)=XR(I)+QR1*C2-QI1*S2+QR2*C4-QI2*S4+QR3*C1-QI3*S1+QR4*C3-QI4*+S3
XI(I3)=XI(I)+QR1*S2+QI1*C2+QR2*S4+QI2*C4+QR3*S1+QI3*C1+QR4*S3+QI4*+C3
XR(I4)=XR(I)+QR1*C3-QI1*S3+QR2*C1-QI2*S1+QR3*C4-QI3*S4+QR4*C2-QI4*+S2
XI(I4)=XI(I)+QR1*S3+QI1*C3+QR2*S1+QI2*C1+QR3*S4+QI3*C4+QR4*S2+QI4*+C2
XR(I5)=XR(I)+QR1*C4-QI1*S4+QR2*C3-QI2*S3+QR3*C2-QI3*S2+QR4*C1-QI4*+S1
XI(I5)=XI(I)+QR1*S4+QI1*C4+QR2*S3+QI2*C3+QR3*S2+QI3*C2+QR4*S1+QI4*+C1
XR(I)=XR(I)+QR1+QR2+QR3+QR4
XI(I)=XI(I)+QI1+QI2+QI3+QI4
4 CONTINUE
C THE FFT COEFFICIENTS ARE UNSCRAMBLED INTO NORMAL ORDER
DO 6 I=1,N05
DO 6 L=1,5

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```

IR = IRB(I) + L
II = I + (L-1)*NOS
IF (IR.LE.II) GO TO 6
ZR = XR(IR)
ZI = XI(IR)
XR(IR) = XR(II)
XI(IR) = XI(II)
XR(II) = ZR
XI(II) = ZI
6 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
C SUBROUTINE FFT23(K1,K2,N,N1,N2,NO2,NO3,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,IRBD,CO,
+ SI,COD,SID,WR,WI,WRD,WID,W)
DIMENSION XR(1),XI(1),IRB(1),IRBD(1),CO(1),SI(1),COD(1),
+ SID(1),WR(1),WI(1),WRD(1),WID(1),W(1)
C *****
C THE SUBROUTINE FFT23 JOINS THE FFT2 AND THE FFT3. WHEN
C USED, BOTH, FFT2 AND FFT3, SUBROUTINES MUST BE PRESENT.
C N IS THE NUMBER OF MEASUREMENTS WHICH IS OF THE FORM
C N=(2**K1)*(3**K2). N1=2**K1 AND N2=3**K2, NO2=N1/2,
C NO3=N2/3. SGN=-1 IF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE PER-
C FORMED. IF LIST=0, THE REVERSED-DIGIT LIST AND THE AS-
C SOCIATED SINES AND COSINES ARE COMPUTED. IF LIST=1, THE
C LIST IS NOT COMPUTED. INSTEAD THE LIST COMPUTED ON THE
C PREVIOUS CALL IS USED. XR IS THE REAL PART AND XI IS THE
C IMAGINARY PART OF THE COMPLEX SEQUENCE TO BE TRANSFORMED.
C AFTER THE FFT23 IS PERFORMED XR AND XI ARE THE REAL AND
C IMAGINARY PART OF THE TRANSFORMED DATA. IRB, CO, AND SI
C ARE WORK VECTORS.
C *****
TPI = 6.283185307
XN = N
DO 30 I = 1, N1
FI = I-1
TPNF = TPI*FI/XN
DO 10 J = 1, N2
L = J-1
WRD(J) = XR(N1*L+I)
WID(J) = XI(N1*L+I)
10 CONTINUE
CALL FFT3(K2,N2,NO3,SGN,LIST,WRD,WID,IRBD,COD,SID)
DO 20 J = 1, N2
L = J-1
XJ = J-1
THET = SGN*TPNF*XJ
C = COS(THET)
S = SIN(THET)
XR(N1*L+I) = WRD(J)*C - WID(J)*S
XI(N1*L+I) = WRD(J)*S + WID(J)*C
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
DO 60 I = 1, N2
M = I-1
DO 40 J = 1, N1
WR(J) = XR(N1*M+J)
WI(J) = XI(N1*M+J)
40 CONTINUE
CALL FFT2(K1,N1,NO2,SGN,LIST,WR,WI,IRB,CO,SI)
DO 50 J = 1, N1
XR(N1*M+J) = WR(J)
XI(N1*M+J) = WI(J)

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60 CONTINUE
DO 70 I=1,N
W(I) = XR(I)
70 CONTINUE
DO 80 I=1,N2
DO 80 J=1,N1
XR((J-1)*N2+I) = W(N1*(I-1)+J)
80 CONTINUE
DO 90 I=1,N
W(I) = XI(I)
90 CONTINUE
DO 95 I=1,N2
DO 95 J=1,N1
XI((J-1)*N2+I) = W(N1*(I-1)+J)
95 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FFT25(K1,K2,N,N1,N2,N02,N05,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,IRBD,
+CO,SI,COD,SID,WR,WI,WRD,WID,W,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
DIMENSION XR(1),XI(1),IRB(1),IRBD(1)
DIMENSION CO(1),SI(1),COD(1),SID(1),WR(1),WI(1)
DIMENSION WRD(1),WID(1),W(1),CO1(1),SI1(1)
DIMENSION CO2(1),CO3(1),SI2(1),SI3(1)
C *****
C THE SUBROUTINE FFT25 JOINS THE FFT2 AND THE FFT5. HENCE
C WHEN USED THE SUBROUTINES FFT2 AND FFT5 MUST BE PRESENT.
C N IS THE NUMBER OF MEASUREMENTS, WHICH IS OF THE FORM
C  $N = (2^{**}K1) * (5^{**}K2)$ .  $N1 = 2^{**}K1$ ,  $N2 = 5^{**}K2$ ,  $N02 = N1/2$ ,  $N05 = N2/5$ ,
C SGN = -1, IF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE PERFORMED. IF
C LIST = 0 THE REVERSED-DIGIT LIST AND THE ASSOCIATED SINES AND
C COSINES ARE COMPUTED. IF LIST = 1, THE LIST IS NOT COMPUTED.
C INSTEAD THE LIST COMPUTED ON THE PREVIOUS CALL IS USED.
C XR, XI ARE THE REAL AND THE IMAGINARY PARTS RESPECTIVELY
C OF THE INPUT COMPLEX SEQUENCE OF NUMBERS. AFTER THE FFT25
C IS PERFORMED XR AND XI ARE THE REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS
C OF THE TRANSFORMED DATA. IRB, IRBD, CO, COD, SID, WR, WI,
C WRD, WID, W, CO1, SI1, CO2, SI2, CO3, AND SI3 ARE WORK
C VECTORS.
C *****
TPI=6.283185307
XN=N
DO 30 I=1,N1
FI=I-1
TPNF=TPI*FI/XN
DO 10 J=1,N2
L=J-1
WRD(J)=XR(N1*L+I)
WID(J)=XI(N1*L+I)
10 CONTINUE
CALL FFT5(K2,N2,N05,SGN,LIST,WRD,WID,IRBD,COD,SID,CO1,SI1,
+CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
DO 20 J=1,N2
L=J-1
XJ=J-1
THET=SGN*TPNF*XJ
C=COS(THET)
S=SIN(THET)
XR(N1*L+I)=WRD(J)*C-WID(J)*S
XI(N1*L+I)=WRD(J)*S+WID(J)*C
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
DO 60 I=1,N2

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DO 40 J=1,N1
WR(J) = XR(N1*M+J)
WI(J) = XI(N1*M+J)
40 CONTINUE
CALL FFT2(K1,N1,NO2,SGN,LIST,WR,WI,IRB,CO,SI)
DO 50 J=1,N1
XR(N1*M+J) = WR(J)
XI(N1*M+J) = WI(J)
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
DO 70 I=1,N
W(I) = XR(I)
70 CONTINUE
DO 80 I=1,N2
DO 80 J=1,N1
XR((J-1)*N2+I) = W(N1*(I-1)+J)
80 CONTINUE
DO 90 I=1,N
W(I) = XI(I)
90 CONTINUE
DO 95 I=1,N2
DO 95 J=1,N1
XI((J-1)*N2+I) = W(N1*(I-1)+J)
95 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FFT35(K1,K2,N,N1,N2,NO3,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,IRB,IRBD,
+ CO,SI,COD,SID,WR,WI,WRD,WID,W,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3)
DIMENSION XR(1),XI(1),IRB(1),IRBD(1),CO(1),SI(1),COD(1)
DIMENSION SID(1),WR(1),WI(1),WRD(1),WID(1),W(1),CO1(1)
DIMENSION SI1(1),CO2(1),SI2(1),CO3(1),SI3(1)
C *****
C THE SUBROUTINE FFT35 JOINS THE FFT3 AND THE FFT5. HENCE WHEN
C IS USED, THE SUBROUTINES FFT3 AND FFT5 MUST BE PRESENT. N IS
C THE NUMBER OF MEASUREMENTS, WHICH IS OF THE FORM
C  $N = (3^{**}K1)*(5^{**}K2)$ ;  $N1 = 3^{**}K1$ ,  $N2 = 5^{**}K2$ ,  $NO3 = N1/3$ ,  $NO5 = N2/5$ ,
C SGN = -1, IF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE PERFORMED, AND SGN = +1
C IF THE INVERSE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE PERFORMED. IF LIST = 0,
C THE REVERSED-DIGIT LIST AND THE ASSOCIATED SINES AND COSINES.
C IF LIST = 1, THE LIST IS NOT COMPUTED. INSTEAD THE LIST COMPUTED
C ON THE PREVIOUS CALL IS USED. XR, XI, ARE THE REAL AND THE
C IMAGINARY PARTS RESPECTIVELY OF THE INPUT COMPLEX SEQUENCE OF
C NUMBERS. AFTER THE FFT35 IS PERFORMED XR AND XI ARE THE REAL
C AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF THE TRANSFORMED DATA. IRB, IRBD, CO, SI,
C COD, SID, WR, WI, WRD, WID, W, CO1, SI1, CO2, SI2, CO3, AND SI3
C ARE WORK VECTORS.
C *****
TPI = 6.283185307
XN = N
DO 30 I=1,N1
FI = I-1
TPNF = TPI*FI/XN
DO 10 J=1,N2
L = J-1
WRD(J) = XR(N1*L+I)
WID(J) = XI(N1*L+I)
10 CONTINUE
CALL FFT5(K2,N2,NO5,SGN,LIST,WRD,WID,IRBD,COD,SID,CO1,SI1,CO2,
+ SI2,CO3,SI3)
DO 20 J=1,N2
L = J-1
XJ = J-1

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C = COS(THET)
S = SIN(THET)
XR(N1*L+I) = WRD(J)*C-WID(J)*S
XI(N1*L+I) = WRD(J)*S + WID(J)*C
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
DO 60 I=1,N2
M=I-1
DO 40 J=1,N1
WR(J)=XR(N1*M+J)
WI(J)=XI(N1*M+J)
40 CONTINUE
CALL FFT3(K1,N1,NO3,SGN,LIST,WR,WI,IRB,CO,SI)
DO 50 J=1,N1
XR(N1*M+J)=WR(J)
XI(N1*M+J)=WI(J)
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
DO 70 I=1,N
W(I)=XR(I)
70 CONTINUE
DO 80 I=1,N2
DO 80 J=1,N1
XR((J-1)*N2+I)=W(N1*(I-1)+J)
80 CONTINUE
DO 90 I=1,N
W(I)=XI(I)
90 CONTINUE
DO 95 I=1,N2
DO 95 J=1,N1
XI((J-1)*N2+I)=W(N1*(I-1)+J)
95 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
SUBROUTINE FFT235(K1,K2,K3,N,N1,N2,N3,NO2,NO3,NO5,SGN,LIST,XR,XI,
+IRB,IRBD,IRBT,CO,SI,COD,SID,COT,SIT,WR,WI,WRD,WID,WRT,WIT,CO1,SI1,
+CO2,SI2,CO3,SI3,W)
DIMENSION XR(1),XI(1),IRB(1),IRBD(1),IRBT(1),CO(1),SI(1),
+COT(1),SID(1),SIT(1),WR(1),WI(1),WRD(1),WID(1),
+WRT(1),WIT(1),CO1(1),SI1(1),CO2(1),SI2(1),CO3(1),
+SI3(1),W(1)
*****
C THIS SUBROUTINE JOINS THE FFT2, THE FFT3, AND THE FFT5. WHEN
C IT IS USED, THE SUBROUTINES FFT2, FFT3, AND FFT5, MUST BE PRESENT.
C N IS THE NUMBER OF MEASUREMENTS. N IS OF THE FORM N=(2**K1)*
C (3**K2)*(5**K3). N1=2**K1, N2=3**K2, N3=5**K3. NO2=N1/2,
C NO3=N2/3, NO5=N3/5. SGN=-1, IF THE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE
C PERFORMED, AND SGN=+1 IF THE INVERSE FOURIER TRANSFORM IS TO BE
C PERFORMED. IF LIST=0, THE REVERSED-DIGIT LIST AND THE ASSOCIATED
C SINES AND COSINES ARE COMPUTED. IF LIST=1, THE LIST IS NOT
C COMPUTED. INSTEAD, THE LIST COMPUTED ON THE PREVIOUS CALL IS
C USED. XR IS THE REAL PART AND XI IS THE IMAGINARY PART OF THE
C COMPLEX SEQUENCE TO BE TRANSFORMED. AFTER THE FFT235 IS PERFORMED
C XR AND XI ARE THE REAL AND IMAGINARY PARTS OF THE TRANSFORMED DATA.
C IRB, IRBD, IRBT, CO, SI, COD, SID, COT, SIT, WR, WI, WRD, WID, WRT,
C WIT, CO1, CO2, CO3, SI1, SI2, SI3, AND W ARE WORK VECTORS.
C *****
TPI=6.283185307
XN=N
XN2=N2
XN3=N3
DO 65 I=1,N1

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```

TP1 = (XL*TP1)/XN
TP3 = TP1 * XN3
DO 30 J=1,N2
XJ = J-1
TP2 = TP1*XJ/(XN2*XN3) + TP1
DO 10 K=1,N3
WRT(K) = XR(N1*N2*(K-1) + N1*(J-1) + I)
WIT(K) = XI(N1*N2*(K-1) + N1*(J-1) + I)
10 CONTINUE
CALL FFT5(K3,N3,N05,SGN,LIST,WRT,WIT,IRBT,COT,SIT,CO1,SI1,CO2,SI2,
+CO3,SI3)
DO 20 K=1,N3
XK = K-1
THET = SGN*TP2*XK
C = COS(THET)
S = SIN(THET)
XR(N1*N2*(K-1) + N1*(J-1) + I) = WRT(K)*C - WIT(K)*S
XI(N1*N2*(K-1) + N1*(J-1) + I) = WIT(K)*C + WRT(K)*S
20 CONTINUE
30 CONTINUE
DO 60 K=1,N3
KM = K-1
DO 40 J=1,N2
WRD(J) = XR(N1*N2*KM + N1*(J-1) + I)
WID(J) = XI(N1*N2*KM + N1*(J-1) + I)
40 CONTINUE
CALL FFT3(K2,N2,N03,SGN,LIST,WRD,WID,IRBD,COD,SID)
DO 50 J=1,N2
XJ = J-1
THET = SGN*TP3*XJ
C = COS(THET)
S = SIN(THET)
XR(N1*N2*KM + N1*(J-1) + I) = WRD(J)*C - WID(J)*S
XI(N1*N2*KM + N1*(J-1) + I) = WRD(J)*S + WID(J)*C
50 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
65 CONTINUE
DO 90 K=1,N3
KM = K-1
DO 80 J=1,N2
KJ = J-1
DO 70 I=1,N1
WR(I) = XR(N1*N2*KM + N1*KJ + I)
WI(I) = XI(N1*N2*KM + N1*KJ + I)
70 CONTINUE
CALL FFT2(K1,N1,N02,SGN,LIST,WR,WI,IRB,CO,SI)
DO 80 I=1,N1
XR(N1*N2*KM + N1*KJ + I) = WR(I)
XI(N1*N2*KM + N1*KJ + I) = WI(I)
80 CONTINUE
90 CONTINUE
C THE FFT COEFFICIENTS ARE UNSCRAMBLED INTO NORMAL ORDER
DO 100 I=1,N
WI(I) = XR(I)
100 CONTINUE
DO 110 I=1,N1
DO 110 J=1,N2
MJ = J-1
DO 110 K=1,N3
MK = K-1
XR((I-1)*N2*N3 + N3*MJ + K) = W(N1*N2*MK + N1*MJ + I)
110 CONTINUE
DO 120 I=1,N

```

```

120 CONTINUE
DO 130 I=1,N1
DO 130 J=1,N2
MJ=J-1
DO 130 K=1,N3
MK=K-1
XI((I-1)*N2*N3+N3*MJ+K)=W(N1*N2*MK+N1*MJ+I)
130 CONTINUE
RETURN
END
C
C      SUBROUTINE DFNORM (Z,P)
C *****
C      SUBROUTINE COMPUTES PROBABILITY ,P, THAT A STANDARD NORMAL
C      RANDOM VARIABLE IS LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO Z
C      THE METHOD USED IS FROM: HANDBOOK OF MATH. FUNCTIONS,
C      EDITED BY ABRAMOWITZ AND STEGUN, PAGE 932, EQ.26.6.17,
C      IN THE CHAPTER BY ZELEN ABD SEVERO
C *****
ZZ=Z
IF (Z.LT.0.0) ZZ=-ZZ
T=1.0/(1.0+0.2316419*ZZ)
E=-(ZZ*ZZ)/2.0
IF (E.LT.-20.0) P=1.0
IF (E.LT.-20.0) GO TO 1
ZX=EXP(E)/2.50662828
P=1.0-ZX*((((1.330274429*T-1.821255978)*T
+ + 1.781477937)*T-0.356563782)*T+.319381530)*T
1 IF (Z.LT.0.0) P=1.0-P
RETURN
END
C
C      SUBROUTINE RNORM(U,Z)
C *****
C      SUBROUTINE OUTPUTS Z, GIVEN F(Z)=U FOR THE STANDARD
C      NORMAL
C *****
P=U
IF (U.GT.0.5) P=1.0-U
T=SQRT ALOG(1.0/(P*P))
FN=(T*0.010328+0.802853)*T+2.515517
FD=((T*0.001308+0.189269)*T+1.432788)*T+1.0
Z=T-FN/FD
IF (U.LT.0.5) Z=-Z
RETURN
END

```

Appendix C

Output Results

THRESHOLD= 0.25

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	64	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	65	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	66	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	67	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	68	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	69	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	70	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	71	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	72	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	73	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	74	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	75	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	76	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	77	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	78	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	79	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	80	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	81	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	82	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	83	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	84	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	85	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	86	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	87	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	88	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	89	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	90	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	91	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	92	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	93	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	94	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	95	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	96	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	97	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	98	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	99	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	100	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	101	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	102	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	103	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	104	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	105	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	106	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	107	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	108	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	109	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	110	-0.13

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	120	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	121	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	122	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	123	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	124	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	125	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	126	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	127	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	128	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	129	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	130	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	131	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	132	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	133	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	134	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	135	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	136	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	137	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	138	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	139	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	140	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	141	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	142	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	143	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	144	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	145	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	146	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	147	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	148	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	149	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	150	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	151	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	152	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	153	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	154	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	155	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	156	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	157	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	158	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	159	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	160	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	161	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	162	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	163	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	164	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	165	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	166	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	167	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	168	0.06

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	178	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	179	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	180	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	181	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	182	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	183	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	184	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	185	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	186	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	187	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	188	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	189	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	190	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	191	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	192	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	193	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	194	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	195	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	196	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	197	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	198	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	199	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	200	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	201	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	202	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	203	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	204	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	205	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	206	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	207	0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	208	0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	209	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	210	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	211	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	212	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	213	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	214	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	215	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	216	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	217	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	218	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	219	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	220	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	221	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	222	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	223	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	224	0.05

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	234	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	235	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	236	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	237	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	238	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	239	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	240	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	241	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	242	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	243	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	244	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	245	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	246	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	247	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	248	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	249	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	250	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	251	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	252	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	253	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	254	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	255	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	256	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	257	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	258	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	259	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	260	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	261	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	262	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	263	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	264	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	265	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	266	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	267	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	268	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	269	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	270	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	271	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	272	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	273	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	274	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	275	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	276	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	277	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	278	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	279	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	280	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	281	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	282	-0.02

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	292	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	293	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	294	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	295	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	296	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	297	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	298	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	299	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	300	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	301	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	302	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	303	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	304	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	305	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	306	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	307	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	308	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	309	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	310	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	311	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	312	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	313	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	314	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	315	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	316	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	317	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	318	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	319	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	320	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	321	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	322	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	323	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	324	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	325	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	326	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	327	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	328	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	329	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	330	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	331	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	332	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	333	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	334	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	335	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	336	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	337	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	338	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	339	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	340	-0.18

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	350	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	351	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	352	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	353	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	354	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	355	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	356	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	357	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	358	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	359	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	360	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	361	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	362	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	363	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	364	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	365	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	366	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	367	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	368	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	369	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	370	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	371	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	372	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	373	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	374	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	375	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	376	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	377	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	378	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	379	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	380	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	381	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	382	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	383	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	384	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	385	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	386	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	387	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	388	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	389	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	390	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	391	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	392	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	393	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	394	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	395	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	396	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	397	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	398	-0.03

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	408	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	409	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	410	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	411	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	412	-0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	413	-0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	414	-0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	415	-0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	416	-0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	417	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	418	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	419	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	420	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	421	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	422	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	423	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	424	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	425	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	426	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	427	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	428	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	429	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	430	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	431	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	432	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	433	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	434	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	435	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	436	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	437	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	438	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	439	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	440	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	441	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	442	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	443	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	444	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	445	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	446	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	447	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	448	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	449	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	450	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	451	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	452	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	453	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	454	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	455	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	456	-0.04

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	466	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	467	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	468	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	469	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	470	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	471	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	472	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	473	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	474	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	475	0.02
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	478	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	479	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	480	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	481	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	482	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	483	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	484	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	485	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	486	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	487	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	488	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	489	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	490	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	491	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	492	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	493	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	494	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	495	0.11
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	497	0.11
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	514	0.01

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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	544	0.18
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	555	0.17
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	557	0.11
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	560	0.09
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JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1053	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1054	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1055	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1056	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1057	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1058	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1059	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1060	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1061	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1062	-0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1063	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1064	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1065	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1066	-0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1067	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1068	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1069	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1070	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1071	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1072	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1073	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1074	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1075	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1076	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1077	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1078	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1079	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1080	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1081	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1082	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1083	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1084	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1085	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1086	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1087	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1088	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1089	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1090	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1091	-0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1092	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1093	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1094	-0.09

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1104	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1105	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1106	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1107	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1108	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1109	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1110	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1111	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1112	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1113	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1114	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1115	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1116	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1117	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1118	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1119	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1120	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1121	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1122	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1123	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1124	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1125	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1126	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1127	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1128	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1129	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1130	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1131	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1132	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1133	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1134	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1135	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1136	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1137	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1138	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1139	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1140	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1141	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1142	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1143	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1144	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1145	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1146	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1147	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1148	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1149	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1150	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1151	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1152	0.16

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1162	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1163	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1164	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1165	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1166	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1167	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1168	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1169	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1170	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1171	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1172	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1173	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1174	0.26
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1174		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1175	0.28
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1175		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1176	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1176		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1177	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1178	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1179	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1180	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1181	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1182	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1183	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1184	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1185	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1186	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1187	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1188	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1189	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1190	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1191	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1192	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1193	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1194	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1195	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1196	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1197	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1198	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1198		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1199	0.34
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.34		

KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1202

AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1202

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1203	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1204	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1205	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1206	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1207	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1208	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1209	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1210	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1211	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1212	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1213	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1214	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1215	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1216	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1217	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1218	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1219	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1220	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1221	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1222	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1223	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1224	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1225	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1226	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1227	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1228	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1229	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1230	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1231	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1232	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1233	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1234	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1235	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1236	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1237	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1238	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1239	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1240	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1241	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1242	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1243	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1244	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1245	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1246	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1247	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1248	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1249	0.09

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1259	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1260	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1261	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1262	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1263	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1264	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1265	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1266	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1267	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1268	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1269	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1270	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1271	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1272	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1273	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1274	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1275	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1276	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1277	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1278	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1279	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1280	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1281	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1282	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1283	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1284	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1285	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1286	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1287	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1288	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1289	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1290	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1291	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1292	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1293	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1294	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1295	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1296	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1297	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1298	-0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1299	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1300	-0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1301	-0.26
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1302	-0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1303	-0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1304	-0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1305	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1306	-0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1307	-0.09

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1317	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1318	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1319	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1320	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1321	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1322	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1323	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1324	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1325	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1326	-0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1327	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1328	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1329	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1330	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1331	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1332	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1333	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1334	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1335	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1336	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1337	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1338	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1339	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1340	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1341	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1342	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1343	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1344	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1345	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1346	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1347	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1348	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1349	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1350	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1351	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1352	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1353	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1354	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1355	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1356	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1357	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1358	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1359	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1360	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1361	-0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1362	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1363	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1364	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1365	0.02

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1375	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1376	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1377	-0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1378	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1379	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1380	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1381	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1382	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1383	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1384	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1385	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1386	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1387	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1388	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1389	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1390	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1391	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1392	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1393	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1394	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1395	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1396	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1397	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1398	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1399	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1400	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1401	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1402	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1403	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1404	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1405	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1406	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1407	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1408	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1409	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1410	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1411	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1412	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1413	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1414	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1415	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1416	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1417	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1418	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1419	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1420	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1421	-0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1422	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1423	-0.11

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1433	-0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1434	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1435	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1436	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1437	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1438	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1439	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1440	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1441	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1442	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1443	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1444	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1445	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1446	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1447	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1448	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1449	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1450	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1451	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1452	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1453	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1454	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1455	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1456	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1457	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1458	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1459	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1460	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1461	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1462	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1463	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1464	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1465	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1466	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1467	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1468	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1469	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1470	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1471	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1472	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1473	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1474	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1475	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1476	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1477	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1478	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1479	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1480	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1481	0.05

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1491	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1492	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1493	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1494	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1495	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1496	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1497	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1498	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1499	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1500	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1501	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1502	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1503	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1504	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1505	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1506	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1507	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1508	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1509	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1510	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1511	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1512	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1513	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1514	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1515	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1516	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1517	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1518	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1519	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1520	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1521	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1522	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1523	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1524	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1525	0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1526	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1527	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1528	0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1529	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1530	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1531	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1532	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1533	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1534	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1535	0.06

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1545	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1546	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1547	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1548	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1549	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1550	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1551	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1552	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1553	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1554	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1555	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1556	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1557	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1558	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1559	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1560	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1561	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1562	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1563	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1564	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1565	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1566	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1567	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1568	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1569	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1570	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1571	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1572	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1573	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1574	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1575	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1576	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1577	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1578	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1579	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1580	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1581	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1582	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1583	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1584	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1585	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1586	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1587	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1588	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1589	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1590	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1591	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1592	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1593	0.14

KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1600
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1600
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1601 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1601
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1601
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1602 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1602
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1602
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1603 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1603
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1603
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1604 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1604
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1604
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1605 0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1606 0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1607 0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1608 0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1609 0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1610 0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1611 0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1612 0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1613 0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1614 0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1615 0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1616 0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1617 0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1618 0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1619 0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1620 0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1621 0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1622 0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1623 0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1624 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1625 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1626 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1626
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1626
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1627 0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1627
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1627
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1628 0.31

KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1630
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1631 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1631
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1632 0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25	
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1633 0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1634 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1635 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1636 0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1637 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1637
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1637
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1638 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1638
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1638
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1639 0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1639
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1639
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1640 0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1640
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1640
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1641 0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1641
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1641
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1642 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1642
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1642
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1643 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1643
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1643
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1644 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1644
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1644
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1645 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1645
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1645
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1646 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30	
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT	1646

JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1649 0.36
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.36
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1649
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1649
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1650 0.40
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.40
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1650
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1650
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1651 0.43
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.43
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1651
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1651
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1652 0.45
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.45
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1652
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1652
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1653 0.46
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.46
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1653
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1653
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1654 0.45
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.45
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1654
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1654
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1655 0.43
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.43
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1655
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1655
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1656 0.40
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.40
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1656
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1656
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1657 0.37
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.37
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1657
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1657
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1658 0.33
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.33
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1658
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1658
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1659 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1659
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1659
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1660 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1660
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1660
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1661 0.30

KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1663
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1663
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1664 0.35
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1664
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1664
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1665 0.36
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.36
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1665
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1665
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1666 0.36
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.36
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1666
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1666
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1667 0.35
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1667
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1667
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1668 0.33
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.33
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1668
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1668
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1669 0.30
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1669
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1669
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1670 0.28
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1670
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1670
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1671 0.27
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1671
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1671
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1672 0.26
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1672
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1672
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1673 0.28
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1673
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1673
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1674 0.31
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1674
 AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1674
 JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1675 0.35
 EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
 KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1675

JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1678 0.44
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.44
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1678
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1678
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1679 0.43
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.43
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1679
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1679
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1680 0.39
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.39
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1680
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1681 0.35
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1681
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1681
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1682 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1682
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1682
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1683 0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1683
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1683
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1684 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1685 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1686 0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1687 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1687
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1688 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1688
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1688
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1689 0.34
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.34
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1689
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1689
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1690 0.35
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1690
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1690
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1691 0.35
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1691
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1691
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1692 0.34
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.34
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1692
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1692

EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1699 0.29	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.29
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1700 0.33	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.33
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1701 0.37	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.37
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1702 0.39	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.39
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1703 0.40	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.40
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1704 0.38	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.38
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1705 0.34	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.34
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1706 0.29	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.29
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1707 0.25	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1708 0.23	
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1709 0.22	
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1710 0.23	
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1711 0.27	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.27
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1712 0.32	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.32
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1713 0.37	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.37
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1714 0.40	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.40
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1715 0.41	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.41
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1716 0.40	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.40
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1717 0.37	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.37
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1718 0.35	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.35
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1719 0.33	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.33
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1720 0.31	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.31
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1721 0.31	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.31
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1721	
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1722 0.32	
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE=	0.32
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1722	
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1723 0.33	

KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1725
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1725
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1726 0.40
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.40
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1726
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1726
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1727 0.41
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.41
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1727
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1727
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1728 0.40
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.40
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1728
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1728
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1729 0.36
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.36
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1729
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1729
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1730 0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1730
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1731 0.25
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1732 0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1733 0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1734 0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1735 0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1736 0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1737 0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1737
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1737
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1738 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1738
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1738
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1739 0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1739
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1739
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1740 0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1740
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1741 0.26
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1741
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1742 0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1743 0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)= 1744 0.15

EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1753	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1754	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1755	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1756	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1757	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1758	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1759	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1760	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1761	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1762	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1763	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1764	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1765	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1766	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1767	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1768	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1769	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1770	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1771	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1772	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1773	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1774	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1775	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1776	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1777	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1778	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1779	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1780	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1781	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1782	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1783	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1784	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1785	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1786	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1787	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1788	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1789	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1790	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1791	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1792	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1793	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1794	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1795	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1796	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1797	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1798	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1799	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1800	0.17

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1810	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1811	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1812	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1813	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1814	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1815	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1816	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1817	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1818	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1819	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1820	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1821	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1822	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1823	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1824	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1825	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1826	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1827	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1828	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1829	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1830	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1831	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1832	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1833	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1834	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1835	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1836	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1837	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1838	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1839	0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1840	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1841	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1842	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1843	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1844	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1845	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1846	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1847	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1848	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1849	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1850	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1851	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1852	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1853	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1854	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1855	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1856	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1857	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1858	0.00

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1868	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1869	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1870	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1871	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1872	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1873	0.22
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1874	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1875	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1876	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1877	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1878	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1879	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1880	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1881	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1882	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1883	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1884	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1885	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1886	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1887	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1888	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1889	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1890	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1891	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1892	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1893	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1894	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1895	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1896	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1897	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1898	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1899	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1900	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1901	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1902	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1903	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1904	0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1905	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1906	0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1907	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1908	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1909	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1910	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1911	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1912	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1913	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1914	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1915	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1916	-0.02

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1926	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1927	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1928	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1929	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1930	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1931	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1932	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1933	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1934	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1935	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1936	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1937	0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1938	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1939	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1940	0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1941	0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1942	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1943	0.26
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1944	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1945	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1946	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1947	0.25
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1948	0.26
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1949	0.27
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.27		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1950	0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1951	0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1952	0.29
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.29		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1952		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1953	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1953		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1953		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1954	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1954		

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1957	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1957		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1957		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1958	0.30
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.30		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1958		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1958		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1959	0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1959		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1959		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1960	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1960		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1960		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1961	0.33
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.33		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1961		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1961		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1962	0.34
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.34		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1962		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1962		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1963	0.33
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.33		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1963		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1963		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1964	0.31
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.31		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1964		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1964		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1965	0.28
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28		
KRIGING SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1965		
AR SHUTDOWN STEP AT 1965		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1966	0.23
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1967	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1968	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1969	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1970	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1971	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1972	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1973	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1974	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1975	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1976	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1977	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1978	0.06

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1988	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1989	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1990	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1991	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1992	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1993	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1994	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1995	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1996	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1997	0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1998	0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	1999	0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2000	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2001	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2002	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2003	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2004	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2005	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2006	0.18
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2007	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2008	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2009	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2010	0.28
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2011	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2012	0.35
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2013	0.35
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.35		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2014	0.34
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.34		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2015	0.32
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.32		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2016	0.28
EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.28		
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2017	0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2018	0.19
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2019	0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2020	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2021	0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2022	0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2023	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2024	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2025	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2026	0.21
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2027	0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2028	0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2029	0.14

EXCEEDANCE OF THRESHOLD FOUND, VALUE= 0.26	
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2038 0.24
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2039 0.20
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2040 0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2041 0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2042 0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2043 -0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2044 -0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2045 -0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2046 -0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2047 0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2048 0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2049 0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2050 0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2051 0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2052 0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2053 -0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2054 -0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2055 -0.06
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2056 -0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2057 -0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2058 0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2059 0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2060 0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2061 0.16
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2062 0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2063 0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2064 0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2065 0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2066 0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2067 -0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2068 -0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2069 -0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2070 -0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2071 -0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2072 0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2073 0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2074 0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2075 0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2076 -0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2077 -0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2078 -0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2079 -0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2080 -0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2081 -0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2082 -0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2083 0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2084 0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2085 0.12

JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2095	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2096	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2097	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2098	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2099	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2100	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2101	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2102	-0.10
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2103	-0.13
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2104	-0.15
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2105	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2106	-0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2107	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2108	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2109	0.05
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2110	0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2111	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2112	0.12
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2113	0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2114	0.08
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2115	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2116	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2117	-0.02
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2118	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2119	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2120	-0.03
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2121	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2122	0.00
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2123	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2124	-0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2125	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2126	-0.07
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2127	-0.11
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2128	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2129	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2130	-0.17
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2131	-0.14
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2132	-0.09
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2133	-0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2134	0.01
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2135	0.04
JJJ,V(JJJ)=	2136	0.06

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